

Laguna Beach County Water District

LAGUNA BEACH COUNTY WATER DISTRICT

2011/12 Annual Budget

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Adopted: June 7, 2011

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District Overview

Since 1925, the Laguna Beach County Water District (District) has proudly provided retail water service to our customers. The mission of the District is to furnish a high quality, reliable water supply in a financially responsible manner, while promoting water-use efficiency.

History of the District

Until the early 1920's, the residents of Laguna Beach relied on privately owned shallow wells and intermittent rainfall for their water supply. Then, in the mid-20s, poor water quality and well failure combined to make an alternate water source urgent. The Laguna Beach County Water District was created by public vote in 1925. A year later, District voters approved a \$600,000 bond issue to purchase a well site in Huntington Beach, construct a transmission line, and acquire an existing private water company to provide service. The original bond was paid off in 1955.

With its continuing growth, the District was unable to rely solely on its wells and looked to imported water supplies. In 1943, it started purchasing Colorado River water supplied by the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California. Currently, all potable water is imported into Laguna Beach County Water District from both the State Water Project and the Colorado River. However, the District is again looking at various projects in the Santa Ana River Basin and elsewhere, as future sources of water.

The District Today

The District provides water services to approximately 23,000 people within an 8.5 square mile area of southern Orange County, including portions of the city of Laguna Beach and Crystal Cove State Park.

On January 1, 2004, Emerald Bay Services District was deannexed from the District's service area. This represents approximately 556 customers or 6 percent of the District's services and accounts for approximately 337 acre feet of water provided by the District. The District continues to provide water service and administrative support through an agreement with Emerald Bay Services District.

The District's approximately 8,000 service connections are mostly residential water users. The District purchases about 3,920 acre-feet of water annually. This is equal to approximately 1.3 billion gallons delivered on an annual basis. An acre-foot of water is enough to cover a football field one-foot deep or serve two average sized households for a year.

Operations

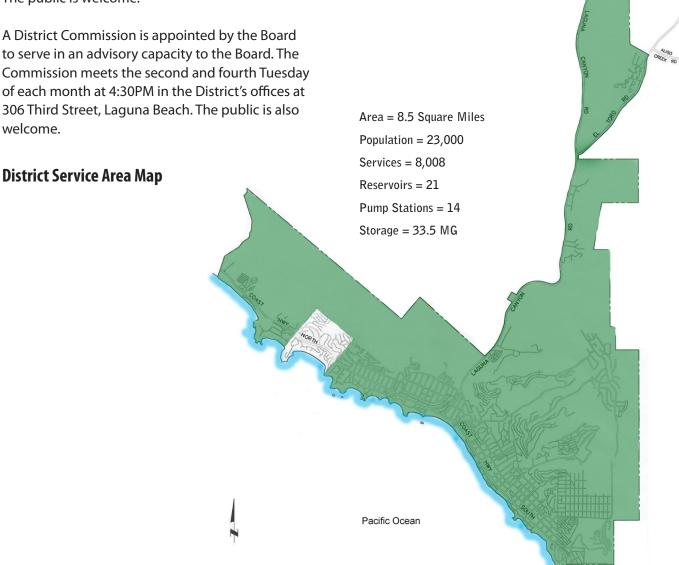
There are 21 water storage reservoirs with a total storage capacity of 33.5 million gallons within the District, providing up to approximately ten days of water to the community in the event of an emergency. These reservoirs are located within five elevation zones to ensure reliable distribution to all customers. They are monitored by the District's state-of-the-art telemetry system, allowing District personnel to manage water distribution throughout the system from the District's headquarters.

District staff operates and maintains 36 pumps in 14 pumping stations, a total approximate connected horsepower of 2,660. The system encompasses 135 miles of distribution pipelines, which range in diameter from 4 to 16 inches.

As lead agency in a joint powers relationship with the South Coast Water District, Irvine Ranch Water District, the city of Newport Beach, and the Santa Margarita Water District, the District also operates and maintains the Aufdenkamp and the Coast Supply transmission lines. These pipelines range in size from 24 to 42 inches in diameter and provide the District's imported water supply.

How the District is Governed

The publicly-elected Laguna Beach City Council members serve as the Board of Directors of the Laguna Beach County Water District, providing local control over the policies and decisions affecting water service in the community. The Board meets quarterly. The public is welcome.



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Budget Assumptions

The proposed fiscal year (FY) 2011/12 budget increases from the FY 2010/11 budget by 7.53 percent.

Labor

The 2011/12 labor budget has increased 7.29 percent or \$226,630 above the 2010/11 budgeted amounts. This is based on the following factors:

- A. 40 Full-time positions (40 in 2010/11)
- B. 1 Part-time position (0 in 2010/11)
- C. Cost of Living Adjustment 2011/12 3.50 percent (Index for March 2011) (2010/11 2.40 percent)
- D. Average Merit 3.0 percent

Benefits

The 2011/12 benefits budget has increased 16.78 percent or \$178,180 above the 2010/11 budgeted amount. This is based on the following factors:

A. PERS

- Employer Contribution 2011/12 8.208 percent (2010/11 – 7.052 percent)
- 2. Employee Contribution 2011/12 7 percent

B. Insurance

- 1. Workers Comp Insurance E-Mod Rate 2011/12 Estimated 110 (2010/11 -103)
- 2. Workers Comp Insurance 2011/12 Rates estimated at 100 percent of 2010/11.
- 3. Medical insurance increased January 2011 by 12.0 percent; projected increase January 2012 by 12 percent. Employees pay a portion of medical insurance premiums. 2010/11 10 percent amount over single rate, 2011/12 12.5 percent amount over single rate.

- 4. Dental Insurance increase of 6 percent.
- 5. All other insurance coverage remain at same levels as 2010/11 Budget.

Water Purchases

The cost for water purchases will increase by 4.39 percent or \$137,920 over 2010/11 charges due to a rate increase from Metropolitan Water District (MWD).

A. Water Purchases

- 1. Estimated volume of water purchases is 3,920 acre feet (AF).
- B. MWD Water Rates
 - MWD Water Rate \$744/AF July through December 2011. \$794/AF – January through June 2012
 - 2. MWD RTS Charges 2011/12 \$171,900/yr (2010/11 \$140,520/yr)
 - 3. MWD Capacity Charges 2011/12 \$40,620/yr (2010/11 \$38,930)
- C. Municipal Water District of Orange County (MWDOC) Charges 2011/12 \$6.25 per meter (5.75 in 2010/11) and \$4.25/AF (6.75 in 2010/11).

Water Sales

Water sales are estimated at 3,763/AF. The District is estimating a 4 percent unaccounted for water, which is the difference between the amount of water received and sold.

Revenue and Expenditures

Allocation of Projected Revenue vs. Expenditures	PROJECTED
	2011/12
OPERATING REVENUE	\$ 8,745,340
LESS: OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSE	8,890,300
OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)	(144,960)
CAPITAL REVENUE	2,803,090
LESS: CAPITAL PROJECTS	4,959,340
INCREASE TO/(DECREASE FROM) RESERVES	(2,156,250)
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	
EMERALD BAY CONTRIBUTION TO DESIGNATED RESERVE	28,000
INCREASE TO/(DECREASE FROM) CASH BALANCE	\$ (2,273,210)

Analysis of 2011/12 Budget Revenue Projection		BUDGET		BUDGET
		2010/11		2011/12
OPERATING REVENUE				
WATER SALES	\$	7,838,890	\$	8,316,400
FIRE SERVICE		9,040		9,660
FEES & PENALTIES		71,220		65,040
OVERHEAD CHARGE		11,100		12,000
EQUIPMENT CHARGE		24,000		24,000
ANTENAE LEASE REVENUE		289,210		294,240
MISCELLANEOUS		24,000		24,000
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE		8,267,460		8,745,340
TOTAL OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE EXPENSE		8,267,460		8,890,300
OPERATING GAIN/(LOSS)	\$	0		(144,960)
CAPITAL REVENUE RESERVE STORAGE	\$	24,000	\$	24,000
INTEREST REVENUE	φ	648,100	φ	637,390
PROPERTY LEASE REVENUE		34,680		35,400
PROPERTY TAX REVENUE		2,065,000		2,106,300
LOAN				
TOTAL CAPITAL REVENUE		2,771,780		2,803,090
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES				
CAPITAL PROJECTS		4,572,820		4,959,340
TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURES		4,572,820		4,959,340
INCREASE TO/(DECREASE FROM) DESIGNATED RESERVES	\$ (1	,801,040)	\$ (2,156,250)
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE				
EMERALD BAY CONTRIBUTION TO DESIGNATED RESERVES	\$	28,000	\$	28,000
MISC GAIN/(LOSS)	\$	28,000	\$	28,000

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Budget Overview

2011/12 Operating Budget

The operating budget includes the day-to-day operations of the District, which includes operations and maintenance, customer service, engineering, and administration. This fiscal year, labor and benefits, and water supply costs have increased, accounting for much of the \$622,840 increase in expenditures. This equates to 7.53 percent increase from the previous year's operating budget.

Water Purchases

Water supply costs from Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWD) and Municipal Water District of Orange County (MWDOC) will increase by \$155,920 for the 2011/12 budget. Water purchases are estimated at 3,920 acre-feet for the fiscal year. The District's wholesale rates from MWD will increase from \$744 to \$794 an acre-foot in January 2012. This \$50 increase comes on top of a \$43 increase an acre-foot last year and a \$112 an acre-foot increase in 2009/10 for imported water. In addition, MWDOC increased its meter connection charge from \$5.75 to \$6.25. However, its per acre-foot charge, based on the water the District purchases, decreased from \$6.75 to \$4.25. MWDOC is changing its philosophy regarding collecting revenue from its member agencies by charging more per meter connection and slowly phasing out the per acre-foot charge.

Labor and Benefits

Labor and benefits are projected to increase \$404,810, due to a 12 percent increase in insurance premiums and a 3.5 percent cost of living adjustment, which will be partially offset by increasing the employee's portion of the cost of dependent health coverage to 12.5 percent. The District will contribute 8.2 percent of payroll to PERS, versus last year's contribution of 7.0 percent. All other benefit coverages are either based upon no change or have been adjusted accordingly for inflation. Workers' Compensation Insurance rates are expected to remain the same as last year, but the carriers' experience modification rate will increase from 103 to 110.

Field and Maintenance

The field operations and maintenance component of the budget increased by \$250,320 or 9.44 percent. This area covers all operation and maintenance of the District's facilities, which include reservoirs, pump stations, distribution pipelines and appurtenances, vehicle maintenance, and all buildings. No appreciable program changes are projected for this fiscal year. The change in this area is attributed to higher energy, fuel, copper and steel costs, and keeping existing programs at the same levels.

General Manager's Office

Expenses relating to the Board, Commission, General Manager, Legal, Audit, and professional memberships, such as the Association of California Water Agencies (ACWA) and the American Water Works Association (AWWA), are under the General Manager's Office section. An increase of \$27,160 or 5.4 percent to this area is mainly due to salaries and benefits and an increase in memberships and legal costs.

Administration and Customer Service

Expenses in Administration and Customer Service budget increased \$148,540 or 13.16 percent. In customer service, a part-time position was added for better front lobby coverage on Fridays. The water use efficiency program budget increased by \$56,840, as the District continues its proactive approach to public information, community relations, and water efficiency programs. It is important to note that the funds for the District's water use efficiency programs are generated through the District's Tier 2 Rate, with those customers using in excess of their water budget funding programs and projects that either conserve water or bring in additional supplemental water supplies to meet the higher demand. Other expenses included in Administration and Customer Service are human resources, meter reading, records retention and destruction, data management, and customer billing.

Finance

The finance section has increased \$23,340 or 4.03 percent. An increase in labor, benefits, and insurance comprise the majority of the increased costs.

Engineering

The engineering section of the budget increased \$17,560 or 7.06 percent. The engineering department primarily deals with customer inquiries concerning engineering and water quality, designing and managing capital projects, and is a source of support for the Operations Department. The increase is due to increased costs in the routine sampling of water quality and higher fees paid to the Department of Health Services.

2011/12 Capital Budget

This year, the District proposes to spend \$4,959,340 on capital improvements. This is a slight increase from the 2010-2011 Capital Budget, as the District is pursuing local water supply projects to reduce our 100 percent dependence on imported water (as noted below in the Water Supply Reliability Projects). In the past five years, imported water supply costs have increased dramatically. Due to the region's limited water reserves and worsening environmental and regulatory

conditions in Northern California's Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta, the District's continues to pursue other sources of water supply.

Joint Powers

The District manages the Aufdenkamp Transmission Main and the Coast Supply Line, which are both jointly owned with other water agencies. This category covers projects specific to these facilities and costs are shared by each agency according to its capacity rights in each pipeline. The total cost of all projects for this fiscal year is \$243,710 with the District's share of costs at \$109,340.

Reservoir and Pump Station Improvements

These are projects that are too large to be considered maintenance items. Seven projects totaling \$157,500 are being proposed for this fiscal year. They include replacement of seismic valves at Hastie and Moorhead Reservoirs, a SCADA program upgrade project, Ridge Pump Station pump rehabilitation project, Arch Beach Reservoir removal project, Tiajuana Pump Station pump rehabilitation project, and an assessment of the wood roof at San Joaquin Reservoir.

Transmission and Distribution

Capital funds are designated annually for ongoing maintenance programs and miscellaneous projects that are large enough to be considered capital in nature. The majority of work in this category includes valves, fire hydrants, and meter replacement. The goal is replacement before these items fail. This year, \$644,000 will be spent in this category.

Cast Iron Pipe Replacement

The District started replacing its old cast iron pipe in the 1970's. It continues its aggressive program per CADPH guidelines. It's the District's goal to complete all CIP replacement by the end of the 2014-2015 fiscal year. This year, the District proposes two projects, one in Pala Way, and the second in Thalia Street, totaling \$320,000 for both projects.

Master Plan Improvements

The District has completed most of the critical projects outlined in the 1996 Master Plan. Its goal is to complete all of the projects by the 2014-2015 fiscal year. For this budget, the District proposes two projects to improve flow. The first is in the area served by the La Brea Pressure Regulating Station in the north end of the District; the second is the San Joaquin Pump Station Improvements. Total expenses for these two projects are \$645,000.

reliability studies to assess other sources of water. The expenses proposed for this category total \$2,502,000.

Office Equipment

This category includes network improvements, implementation of the second phase of GIS, miscellaneous office furnishings in need of replacement, computer replacement, update of the District's website, and purchase of a digital copier/scanner. Total expenses are \$156,000.

Equipment and Vehicles

The District manages the Aufdenkamp Transmission Main and the Coast Supply Line, which are both jointly owned with other water agencies. This category covers projects specific to these facilities and costs are shared by each agency according to its capacity rights in each pipeline. The total cost of all projects for this fiscal year is \$243,710 with the District's share of costs at \$109,340.

Facility Improvements

This category covers improvements to the remaining District facilities that are not covered under reservoirs, pump stations, or pipelines. This fiscal year, \$190,000 is proposed for replacement of the District's office heating/air conditioning systems, including load and duct size calculation, zone damper, heating and cooling units, and duct installation. Also, an assessment of all high voltage switchgear required by Cal OSHA at \$30,000, painting of the District office for \$28,000, and restroom restoration for \$25,000. This fiscal year, \$273,000 has been budgeted for this category.

Water Supply Reliability Projects

The District continues to seek alternate sources of supply as water reliability becomes more critical and imported supplies become less reliable. The expenditures being proposed in this category address securing additional supplies. These projects include continued work on Phase 3 of the Dana Point Ocean Desalination Project, a proposed recycled water project with Moulton Niguel Water District, a new Water Master Plan as the District's last update was in 2001, and water

2009/10 & 2010/11 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE BUDGET COMPARISON

SECTION/PAGE	DESCRIPTION	BUDGET 2010/11	BUDGET 2011/12
5-12	OPERATIONS - SOURCE OF SUPPLY (51000)		
	SOURCE OF SUPPLY - SYSTEM OPERATIONS (51100)	\$ -	\$ -
	SOURCE OF SUPPLY-CSL (51200)	47,880	56,560
	SOURCE OF SUPPLY-ATM (51300)	52,320	84,320
	SOURCE OF SUPPLY-WELLS (51400)	-,	- ,
	PURCHASED WATER (51500)	3,141,420	3,297,340
	TOTAL SOURCE OF SUPPLY	3,241,620	3,438,220
5-13	OPERATIONS - PUMPING (52000)		
	PUMPING EXPENSE (52100)	282,900	334,500
	PUMPING POWER (52200)	162,060	186,000
	TOTAL PUMPING	444,960	520,500
5-14	OPERATIONS - TRANSMISSION & DISTRIBUTION (54000)		
	RESERVOIR EXPENSE (54100)	462,540	501,060
	MAINLINE EXPENSE (54200)	1,086,120	1,185,360
	METER EXPENSE (54300)	125,040	79,540
	VALVE, VAULT, FIRE HYDRANT EXPENSE (54400)	234,240	236,940
	PAVING EXPENSE (54500)	50,040	50,000
	GENERAL PLANT - EQUIPMENT O&M (54600)	-	=
	GENERAL PLANT - BUILDING (54700)	148,560	187,740
	TOTAL TRANSMISSION & DISTRIBUTION	2,106,540	2,240,640
5-15	GENERAL MANAGERS OFFICE (55000)		
	GENERAL MANAGERS OFFICE EXPENSE (55100)	359,820	380,100
	COMMISSION/BOARD (55400)	103,560	106,200
	LEGAL (55500)	38,040	42,000
	AUDIT(55600)	16,620	16,900
	TOTAL GENERAL MANAGERS OFFICE	518,040	545,200
5-16 & 5-17	ADMINISTRATION AND CUSTOMER SERVICE (56000 & 57000)		
	ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE EXPENSE (56100)	161,340	174,460
	DATA MANAGEMENT (56200)	51,180	51,900
	RECORDS RETENTION (56300)	840	400
	PUBLIC INFORMATION (56400)	30,600	38,160
	WATER USE EFFICIENCY (56600)	235,560	292,400
	DISTRICT RECOGNITION (56800)	27,540	27,060
	HUMAN RESOURCES (56900)	141,360	149,280
	CUSTOMER SERVICE (57200)	480,420	543,720
	TOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND CUSTOMER SERVICE	1,128,840	1,277,380
5-18	FINANCE (58000)		
	FINANCE EXPENSE (58100)	376,860	397,560
	GENERAL OFFICE EXPENSE (58200)	55,920	57,000
	INSURANCE (58300)	144,960	147,600
	INSURANCE CLAIMS (58400)	1,080	
	TOTAL FINANCE	578,820	602,160
5-19	ENGINEERING (59000)		
	ENGINEERING OFFICE EXPENSE (59100)	46,020	45,000
	WATER QUALITY EXPENSE (59200)	202,620	221,200
	TOTAL ENGINEERING	248,640	266,200

2011/12 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE BUDGET SUMMARY BY EXPENSE

SECTION/PAGE	DESCRIPTION	BUDGET 2011/12
5-12	OPERATIONS - SOURCE OF SUPPLY (51000)	
	LABOR	\$ 65,340
	BENEFITS	46,980
	MATERIALS	3,035,530
	OUTSIDE SERVICES	277,890
	VEHICLE/EQUIPMENT	12,480
	TOTAL SOURCE OF SUPPLY	3,438,220
5-13	OPERATIONS - PUMPING (52000)	
	LABOR	143,400
	BENEFITS	100,860
	MATERIALS	20,640
	OUTSIDE SERVICES	223,560
	VEHICLE/EQUIPMENT	32,040
	TOTAL PUMPING	520,500
5-14	OPERATIONS - TRANSMISSION & DISTRIBUTION (54000)	
	LABOR	958,840
	BENEFITS	613,980
	MATERIALS	110,100
	OUTSIDE SERVICES	380,180
	VEHICLE/EQUIPMENT	177,540
	TOTAL TRANSMISSION & DISTRIBUTION	2,240,640
5-15	GENERAL MANAGERS OFFICE (55000)	
	LABOR	234,000
	BENEFITS	211,380
	MATERIALS	7,200
	OUTSIDE SERVICES	92,620
	VEHICLE/EQUIPMENT TOTAL GENERAL MANAGERS OFFICE	545,200
		545,200
5-16 & 5-17	ADMINISTRATION AND CUSTOMER SERVICE (56000 & 57000)	
	LABOR	611,760
	BENEFITS	335,880
	MATERIALS	87,840
	OUTSIDE SERVICES	241,900
	VEHICLE/EQUIPMENT TOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND CUSTOMER SERVICE	1,277,380
		1,277,300
5-18	FINANCE (58000) LABOR	225,540
	BENEFITS	135,480
	MATERIALS	25,080
	OUTSIDE SERVICES	216,060
	VEHICLE/EQUIPMENT	210,000
	TOTAL FINANCE	602,160
5-19	ENGINEERING (59000)	
	LABOR	108,480
	BENEFITS	57,660
	MATERIALS	3,540
	OUTSIDE SERVICES	96,520
	VEHICLE/EQUIPMENT	-
	TOTAL ENGINEERING	266,200
	TOTAL OPERATING BUDGET	\$ 8,890,300

2011/12 CAPITAL BUDGET SUMMARY

SECTION/PAGE	DESCRIPTION	BUDGET 2011/12
6-23	JOINT POWERS PROJECTS	
	COAST SUPPLY LINE	\$ 72,020
	AUFDENKAMP TRANSMISSION LINE	37,320
	TOTAL JOINT POWERS PROJECTS	109,340
6-24	RESERVOIR AND PUMP STATION IMPROVEMENTS	
0-24	RESERVOIR SEISMIC VALVE REPLACEMENT PROJECT	40,000
	SAN JOAQUIN RESERVOIR ASSESSMENT OF PRESSURE TREATED WOOD	15,000
	ARCH BEACH RESERVOIR REMOVAL PROJECT	35,000
	SCADA PROGRAM/COMPUTERS UPGRADE PROJECT	22,500
	SOLAR BEE LED INDICATOR SYSTEM	15,000
	RIDGE PUMP STATION PUMP REHAB PROJECT TIAJUANA PUMP STATION REHAB PROJECT	15,000
	TOTAL PUMP STATION IMPROVEMENTS	<u>15,000</u>
	TOTAL FORM OTATION IN HOVEMENTO	157,500
6-25	TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION	
	METER REPLACEMENT	80,000
	FIRE METER REPLACEMENT	100,000
	VALVE REPLACEMENT	200,000
	FIRE HYDRANT REPLACEMENT WATER LOSS AUDIT	100,000
	CITY PROJECTS	10,500 50,000
	I-WATER FIELD IMPLEMENTATION	18,500
	PROTECTION OF TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES	85,000
	TOTAL TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION PROJECTS	644,000
6-27	CAST IRON PIPE REPLACEMENT PROJECTS	
	PALA WAY THALIA STREET	160,000
	TOTAL CAST IRON REPLACEMENT PROJECTS	<u>160,000</u> 320,000
		020,000
6-28	MASTER PLAN IMPROVEMENTS	
	LA BREA AREA FLOW IMPROVEMENT, PHASE 2	525,000
	SAN JOAQUIN PUMP STATION IMPROVEMENT	120,000
	TOTAL MASTER PLAN IMPROVEMENTS	645,000
6-29	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	
0 20	OFFICE FURNITURE	18,000
	COMPUTERS	12,000
	NETWORK IMPROVEMENTS	10,000
	DISTRICT GIS SYSTEM	75,000
	UPDATE DISTRICT WEBSITE DOCUMENT MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE LICENSES	24,000
	DIGITAL COPIER/SCANNER	3,000 14,000
	TOTAL OFFICE EQUIPMENT	156,000
		100,000
6-30	EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES	
	1300 POUND TOMMY LIFT GATE	2,500
	CHLORINE MIXERS PORTABLE GPS DEVICE	7,000
	DISTRICT VEHICLE NO. 34 REPLACEMENT (1993 F-350 HD)	3,000 65,000
	DISTRICT VEHICLE NO. 38 REPLACEMENT (1995 F-250)	60,000
	PAYMENT NO.3 - LEASED DUMP TRUCK	15,000
	TOTAL EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES	152,500
	EAGUITY HARROYELENTO	
6-31	FACILITY IMPROVEMENTS DISTRICT OFFICE - HEATING/AIR CONDITIONING	400.000
	ARC SAFETY LEVEL 3 SURVEY	190,000
	DISTRICT OFFICE - EXTERIOR PAINT	30,000 28,000
	DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS OFFICE RESTROOM RESTORATION PROJECT	25,000
	TOTAL FACILITIES IMPROVEMENT	273,000
	WATER OURREY RELIABILITY PRO JECTO	,
6-32	WATER SUPPLY RELIABILITY PROJECTS	
	DANA POINT OCEAN DESALINATION PROJECT LAGUNA CANYON RECYCLING PROJECT	212,000
	SANTA ANA BASIN PROJECT	1,600,000 250,000
	WATER MASTER PLAN	250,000
	WATER RELIABILITY STUDY	190,000
	TOTAL SUPPLY SOURCE PROJECTS	2,502,000
	TOTAL CARITAL RUPOFT	
	TOTAL CAPITAL BUDGET	\$ 4,959,340

Operating and Maintenance Budget Detail

Source of Supply	Labo	r	Benefits	Materials	Outside Services	Vehicles/ Equipment	Totals
SOURCE OF SUPPLY (51000)							
SYSTEM OPERATIONS (51100)							
SYSTEM OPERATION - EXPENSE (51110)	\$ 75,360	\$	45,900	\$ 1,080	\$ 27,000	\$ 14,000	\$ 163,340
SYSTEM OPERATION - REALLOCATION (51120)	(75,360))	(45,900)	(1,080)	(27,000)	(14,000)	(163,340)
SOURCE OF SUPPLY - COAST SUPPLY LINE (51200)							
REACH 1 (51210)	7,860)	5,640	1,260	1,620	1,080	17,460
REACH 2 (51220)	7,820)	5,640	120	1,320	1,140	16,040
REACH 3 (51230)	10,460)	7,500	240	2,160	2,700	23,060
SOURCE OF SUPPLY - AUFDENKAMP TRANS. LINE (51300)							
REACH 1 (51310)	13,720)	9,900	1,080	2,160	2,520	29,380
IRWD METER (51320)							
SMWD METER (51330)							
REACH 2 (51340)	13,720)	9,840	480	2,040	2,520	28,600
REACH 3 (51350)	11,760)	8,460	480	2,040	2,520	25,260
LBCWD METER (51360)				480	600		1,080
PURCHASED WATER (51500)							
WATER CHARGE (51510)				3,031,390			3,031,390
METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT CHARGES (51520)					212,370		212,370
MUNICIPAL WD OF ORANGE COUNTY CHARGES (51530)					53,580		53,580
TOTAL SOURCE OF SUPPLY (51000)	\$ 65,340	\$	46,980	\$3,035,530	\$277,890	\$ 12,480	3,438,220

Pumping	Labor	Benefits	Materials	Outside Services	Vehicles/ Equipment	Totals
PUMPING (52000)						
PUMPING EXPENSE(52100)						
GENERAL EXPENSE (52110) SCADA (52120)	\$ 143,400	\$ 100,860	\$ 20,640	\$28,680 8,880	\$ 32,040	\$325,620 8,880
POWER (52200)				186,000		186,000
TOTAL PUMPING (52000)	\$ 143,400	\$ 100,860	\$ 20,640	\$223,560	\$ 32,040	\$ 520,500

Transmission and Distribution	Labor	Benefits	Materials	Outside Services	Vehicles/ Equipment	Totals
TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION (54000)						
RESERVOIR EXPENSE (54100)						
RESERVOIR EXPENSE (54110)	\$ 136,680	\$ 88,980	\$ 15,960	\$ 25,020	\$ 28,800 \$	295,440
LANDSCAPING (54120)			600	65,820		66,420
TREE TRIMMING (54130)				57,000		57,000
CHLORINATION/INSPECTION (54140)				2,100		2,100
SCADA (54150)			180	2,280		2,460
EL MORRO (54160)	3,780	2,280	240	4,080	600	10,980
WATER TREATMENT (54170)	28,500	15,960	12,720	480	9,000	66,660
MAINLINE EXPENSE (54200)						
MAINLINE EXPENSE (54210)	568,020	374,400	40,020	24,840	86,520	1,093,800
UNIFORMS EXPENSE (54220)			4,020	14,280		18,300
PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (54230)			1,200	5,040		6,240
COMMUNICATIONS (54240)				7,020		7,020
EMERGENCY RESPONSE HOUSING (54250)				54,000		54,000
TRUCKING/COUNTY FEES (54260)				6,000		6,000
OUTSIDE CONTRACTORS (54270)						
METER EXPENSE (54300)						
METER EXPENSE (54310)	33,580	19,200	12,600	1,560	12,600	79,540
OUTSIDE CONTRACTORS (54320)						
VALVE, VAULT, FIRE HYDRANT EXPENSE (54400)						
VALVE, VAULT, FIRE HYDRANT EXPENSE (54410)	113,940	69,540	6,540	2,100	40,020	232,140
OUTSIDE CONTRACTORS (54420)				4,800		4,800
PAVING EXPENSE (54500)				50,000		50,000
EQUIPMENT EXPENSE (54600)						
EQUIPMENT EXPENSE (54610)	98,880	60,480	16,440	4,800		180,600
FUEL (54620)			48,000	10,020		58,020
OUTSIDE CONTRACTORS (54630)				38,040		38,040
REALLOCATION (54650)	(98,880)	(60,480)	(64,440)	(52,860)		(276,660
BUILDING/WAREHOUSE EXPENSE (54700)						
BUILDING EXPENSE (54710)	74,340	43,620	10,020	14,040		142,020
LANDSCAPING (54720)				4,980		4,980
UTILITIES (54730)				22,380		22,380
JANITORIAL (54740)			6,000	12,360		18,360
TOTAL TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION (54000)	\$ 958,840	\$ 613,980	\$ 110,100	\$ 380,180	\$ 177,540 \$	2,240,640

General Manager's Office	Labor	Benefits	Materials	Outside Vehicles/ Services Equipment	Totals
GENERAL MANAGER (55000)					
GENERAL MANAGER EXPENSE (55100)					
OFFICE EXPENSE (55110)	\$ 220,200	\$ 128,220	\$ 840	\$ 1,440	\$ 350,700
PUBLICATIONS/MEMBERSHIPS (55120)			480	19,800	20,280
PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (55130)			2,940	4,140	7,080
GRANT WRITING SERVICES (55140)				2,040	2,040
COMMISSION/BOARD (55400)					
OFFICE EXPENSE (55410)	13,800	83,160	900	480	98,340
PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (55420)			2,040	5,820	7,860
LEGAL (55500)				42,000	42,000
AUDIT (55600)				16,900	16,900
TOTAL GENERAL MANAGER'S OFFICE (55000)	\$ 234,000	\$ 211,380	\$ 7,200	\$ 92,620	\$ 545,200

Admininstration and Customer Service	Labor	Benefits	Material	Outside Services	Vehicles/ Equipment	Totals
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES (56000)						
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE (56100)						
OFFICE EXPENSE (56110)	\$ 116,500	\$ 52,260	\$ 720	540	\$	170,020
PUBLICATIONS/MEMBERSHIPS (56120)			120	\$ 180		300
PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (56130)			120	4,020		4,140
DATA MANAGEMENT (56200)						
CONSULTING SERVICES (56210)			1,500	50,400		51,900
RECORDS RETENTION (56300)						
RECORDS MANAGEMENT (56320)				400		400
PUBLIC INFORMATION (56400)						
PUBLIC INFORMATION OUTREACH (56410)			5,040	10,020		15,060
COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION (56420)			2,520	1,500		4,020
SCHOOL EDUCATION (56430)			4,020			4,020
WATER-WISE GARDEN (56440)			10,020	5,040		15,060
WATER USE EFFICIENCY (56600)						
OFFICE EXPENSE (56610)	104,120	58,680	1,500	540		164,840
PROGRAMS/REBATES (56620)			10,020	90,000		100,020
OUTREACH/EVENTS (56630)			15,000	2,520		17,520
DEVICES/MATERIALS (56640)			10,020			10,020
CONSULTING SERVICES (56650)						
DISTRICT RECOGNITION (56800)						
MISCELLANEOUS DISTRICT ACTIVITIES (56810)			3,000	4,020		7,020
EMPLOYEE RECOGNITION PROGRAMS (56820)			16,020	4,020		20,040
HUMAN RESOURCES (56900)						
OFFICE EXPENSE (56910)	84,840	49,320	1,440	840		136,440
PUBLICATIONS/MEMBERSHIPS (56920)			180	1,200		1,380
PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (56930)			240	1,440		1,680
SAFETY TRAINING (56940)			120	1,440		1,560
HEALTH AND WELLNESS PROGRAM (56950)			3,000	1,020		4,020
EMPLOYEE EDUCATION (56960)				3,000		3,000
EMPLOYEE RECRUITMENT (56970)				1,200		1,200
TOTAL ADMINISTRATION (56000)	305,460	160,260	84,600	183,340		733,660

ADMINISTRATION AND CUSTOMER SERVICE (CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE)

Admininstration and Customer Service	Labor	Benefits	Materials	Outside Services	Vehicles/ Equipment	Totals
CUSTOMER SERVICE (57000)						
CUSTOMER SERVICE OFFICE (57200)						
OFFICE EXPENSE (57210)	260,700	149,160	3,240	3,000		416,100
METER READING (57220)	45,600	26,460				72,060
PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (57230)				1,500		1,500
BILL OUTSOURCING (57240)				32,040		32,040
CONSULTING SERVICES (57250)				10,020		10,020
UNCOLLECTIBLES (57260)				12,000		12,000
TOTAL CUSTOMER SERVICE (57000)	306,300	175,620	3,240	58,560		543,720
TOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND CUSTOMER SERVICE (56000 & 57000)	\$ 611,760	\$ 335,880	\$ 87,840	\$ 241,900	\$	1,277,380

Finance	Labor	Benefits	Materials	Outside Services	Vehicles/ Equipment	Totals
FINANCE (58000)						
FINANCE EXPENSE (58100)						
OFFICE EXPENSE (58110)	\$ 225,540	\$ 135,480	\$ 540	\$ 600		\$ 362,160
PUBLICATIONS/MEMBERSHIPS (58120)				300		300
PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (58130)			480	1,800		2,280
PAYROLL SERVICES (58140)				7,500		7,500
BANKING SERVICES (58150)				11,400		11,400
SAFEKEEPING - INVESTMENTS (58160)				1,800		1,800
CONSULTING SERVICES (58170)				12,120		12,120
GENERAL OFFICE EXPENSE (58200)						
OFFICE EXPENSE (58210)			20,040			20,040
POSTAGE (58220)			4,020	13,020		17,040
UTILITIES (58230)				10,800		10,800
MAINTENANCE - OFFICE EQUIPMENT (58240)				9,120		9,120
INSURANCE (58300)						
GENERAL LIABILITY (58310)				126,480		126,480
PROPERTY (58320)				17,520		17,520
STORAGE TANKS (58330)				2,400		2,400
MISCELLANEOUS (58340)				1,200		1,200
INSURANCE CLAIMS (58400)						
GENERAL LIABILITY (58410)						
PROPERTY (58420)						
TOTAL FINANCE (58000)	\$ 225,540	\$ 135,480	\$ 25,080	\$ 216,060		\$ 602,160

Engineering	Labor	Benefits	Materials	Outside Services	Vehicles/ Equipment	Totals
ENGINEERING (59000)						
ENGINEERING EXPENSE (59100)						
OFFICE EXPENSE (59110)						
PUBLICATIONS/MEMBERSHIPS (59120)						
PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (59130)						
CONSULTING SERVICES (59140)				\$ 45,000		\$ 45,000
WATER QUALITY EXPENSE (59200)						
ROUTINE SAMPLING (59210)	\$ 59,700	\$ 31,740	\$ 2,040	15,980		109,460
RESERVOIR SAMPLING (59220)	32,520	17,280	540	15,980		66,320
BACKFLOW (59230)	16,260	8,640	960	540		26,400
DHS FEES (59240)				15,000		15,000
ANNUAL WATER QUALITY REPORT (59250)				4,020		4,020
TOTAL ENGINEERING (59000)	\$ 108,480	\$ 57,660	\$ 3,540	\$ 96,520		266,200

6

Capital Budget Detail

Since its incorporation, the District has provided a reliable source of high quality potable water and excellent service to the community at a reasonable cost. The Capital portion of the budget has always been an integral part of the District's overall program of system maintenance and improvement. The Capital Budget is funded by property taxes, office lease revenue, reserve storage fees, and interest income earned.

Categories within the Capital Budget include:

Joint Powers Projects

The District manages two jointly owned water transmission lines that convey potable water into the District. These pipelines are the District's only source of supply.

The Coast Supply Line (CSL) delivers domestic water to the District from an MWD connection in Newport Beach. Originally built in 1926, it is jointly owned by the City of Newport Beach, Irvine Ranch Water District (IRWD) and the District. The pipeline ranges in diameter from 27-inches to 24-inches and runs parallel to Pacific Coast Highway from Fernleaf Street in Newport Beach to San Joaquin Street in Laguna Beach. Imported water from Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWD) supplies the CSL at its connection (CM-1) in Newport Beach. The El Morro Reservoirs, which are connected directly to the CSL, are used as flow equalizing structures. El Morro Reservoir No. 1 is jointly owned by LBCWD (67 percent) and IRWD (33 percent).

The Aufdenkamp Transmission Line (ATM) delivers domestic water to the District from an MWD connection in Irvine. The transmission line runs through Laguna Canyon and terminates at Agate Street in Laguna Beach where it splits and feeds South Coast Water District

(SCWD) and the District. The pipeline ranges in diameter from 42-inches in Irvine to 30-inches at its terminus on Agate Street. Owners in the ATM include IRWD, Santa Margarita Water District, SCWD, and the District.

Reservoir and Pump Station Improvements

This category funds large reservoir and pump station improvement projects.

Transmission and Distribution

This category funds valve, fire hydrant, and meter replacement projects.

Cast Iron Pipe Replacement

This category funds the replacement of cast iron pipe in the District's distribution system.

Master Plan Improvements

This category funds improvements to the District's distribution system as outlined in the District's Master Plan.

Office Equipment

This category funds office system improvements.

Equipment and Vehicles

The items listed in this category cover replacement of District equipment and vehicles.

Facility Improvements

This category funds improvements to District facilities not coverered in reservoirs, pump stations, or pipelines.

Water Supply Reliability Projects

The District continues to seek alternate sources of water supplies as water reliability becomes more critical and imported supplies continue to be cut back.

SECTION/PAGE	DESCRIPTION	BUDGET 2011/12
6-23	JOINT POWERS PROJECTS	
	COAST SUPPLY LINE AUFDENKAMP TRANSMISSION LINE	\$ 72,020
	TOTAL JOINT POWERS PROJECTS	37,320 109,340
6.04	RESERVOIR AND PUMP STATION IMPROVEMENTS	
6-24	RESERVOIR SEISMIC VALVE REPLACEMENT PROJECT	40,000
	SAN JOAQUIN RESERVOIR ASSESSMENT OF PRESSURE TREATED WOOD	15,000
	ARCH BEACH RESERVOIR REMOVAL PROJECT	35,000
	SCADA PROGRAM/COMPUTERS UPGRADE PROJECT	22,500
	SOLAR BEE LED INDICATOR SYSTEM	15,000
	RIDGE PUMP STATION PUMP REHAB PROJECT	15,000
	TIAJUANA PUMP STATION REHAB PROJECT TOTAL PUMP STATION IMPROVEMENTS	15,000 157,500
	TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION	,
6-25	TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION METER REPLACEMENT	90,000
	FIRE METER REPLACEMENT	80,000 100,000
	VALVE REPLACEMENT	200,000
	FIRE HYDRANT REPLACEMENT	100,000
	WATER LOSS AUDIT	10,500
	CITY PROJECTS	50,000
	I-WATER FIELD IMPLEMENTATION	18,500
	PROTECTION OF TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES	85,000
	TOTAL TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION PROJECTS	644,000
6-27	CAST IRON PIPE REPLACEMENT PROJECTS	
	PALA WAY THALIA STREET	160,000 160,000
	TOTAL CAST IRON REPLACEMENT PROJECTS	320,000
6-28	MASTER PLAN IMPROVEMENTS	
0-20	LA BREA AREA FLOW IMPROVEMENT, PHASE 2	525,000
	SAN JOAQUIN PUMP STATION IMPROVEMENT	120,000
	TOTAL MASTER PLAN IMPROVEMENTS	645,000
6-29	OFFICE EQUIPMENT	
0 20	OFFICE FURNITURE	18,000
	COMPUTERS	12,000
	NETWORK IMPROVEMENTS	10,000
	DISTRICT GIS SYSTEM	75,000
	UPDATE DISTRICT WEBSITE	24,000
	DOCUMENT MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE LICENSES DIGITAL COPIER/SCANNER	3,000
	TOTAL OFFICE EQUIPMENT	14,000 156,000
		150,000
6-30	EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES 1300 POUND TOMMY LIFT GATE	0.500
	CHLORINE MIXERS	2,500 7,000
	PORTABLE GPS DEVICE	3,000
	DISTRICT VEHICLE NO. 34 REPLACEMENT (1993 F-350 HD)	65,000
	DISTRICT VEHICLE NO. 38 REPLACEMENT (1995 F-250)	60,000
	PAYMENT NO.3 - LEASED DUMP TRUCK	15,000
	TOTAL EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES	152,500
6-31	FACILITY IMPROVEMENTS	
	DISTRICT OFFICE - HEATING/AIR CONDITIONING	190,000
	ARC SAFETY LEVEL 3 SURVEY	30,000
	DISTRICT OFFICE - EXTERIOR PAINT	28,000
	DISTRICT HEADQUARTERS OFFICE RESTROOM RESTORATION PROJECT TOTAL FACILITIES IMPROVEMENT	25,000 273,000
		2.0,000
6-32	WATER SUPPLY RELIABILITY PROJECTS DANA POINT OCEAN DESALINATION PROJECT	212,000
	LAGUNA CANYON RECYCLING PROJECT	1,600,000
	SANTA ANA BASIN PROJECT	250,000
	WATER MASTER PLAN	250,000
	WATER RELIABILITY STUDY	190,000
	TOTAL SUPPLY SOURCE PROJECTS	2,502,000
	TOTAL CAPITAL BUDGET	\$ 4,959,340

Joint Powers Projects - Coast Supply and Aufdenkamp Transmission Line

To address future improvements that were recommended in the Vulnerability Assessment required by EPA, it is recommended that the existing 12 year old SCADA system computers and "Wonder Ware" program be upgraded. The communication upgrades projects are completed which have greatly reduced system failures and after hour callouts. The Computers and the Program Upgrade Project which is the final phase of the overall SCADA upgrade is expected to provide a service life of 10 years.

The District has a 5 Year Plan to install insertion points and leak test all the reaches of both the Aufdenkamp Transmission Line (ATM) and the Coast Supply Line (CSL). The 2011/2012 Budget lists the improvements needed to leak test 20,000 feet of Reach 1 and Reach 2 of the CSL using the "Smart Ball" method as performed by the Pure Technologies.

The 2011/2012 Budget also lists continuation of the cathodic protection program on both the ATM and the CSL by a corrosion control engineering firm and the replacement of rectifiers on Reach 2 and Reach 3. The budget also includes Air/Vacuum Valve Replacement on Reach 2 and Reach 3.

				Total		LBCWD	NB	IRWD	SMWD	SCWD
	ST SUPPL									
1.1		SCADA Program and Computers	_		_					
	1.1.1	CM-1A	\$	3,334	\$	1,515	\$ 304			\$ 0
	1.1.2	Signal Peak (IRWD)		3,334		0	0	3,334	0	0
1.2	Leak Test	20,000 Feet of CSL								
	1.2.1	Reach 1		70,000		31,808	6,384	31,808	0	0
	1.2.2	Reach 2		70,000		35,000	0	35,000	0	0
	1.2.3	Reach 3		0		0	0	0	0	0
1.3	Pressure	Differential Transmitter Reach 3		3,700		3,700	0	0	0	0
		TRANSMISSION LINE								
1.4		SCADA Program and Computers								
	1.4.1	CM-12		3,334		987	0	695	435	1,217
	1.4.2	PA-17 (IRWD)		3,334		0	0	3,334	0	0
	1.4.3	Lion Country (IRWD)		3,334		0	0	3,334	0	0
	1.4.4	SMWD		3,334		0	0	0	3,334	0
	1.4.5	PC-1		3,334		987	0	695	435	1,217
	1.4.6	PC-2		3,334		1,407	0	0	0	1,927
	1.4.7	Agate Street		3,334		1,407	0	0	0	1,927
1.5	Air/Vac Re	eplacements								
	1.5.1	Reach 2		15,000		8,145	0	0	0	6,855
	1.5.2	Reach 3		15,000		6,330	0	0	0	8,670
1.6	Rectifier R	eplacements								
	1.6.1	Reach 2		10,000		5,430	0	0	0	4,570
	1.6.2	Reach 3		10,000		4,220	0	0	0	5,780
1.8	Cathodic Replac	Protection Assessment and Rectifier ement								
	1.8.1	Reach 1		6,667		1,971	0	1,394	869	2,434
	1.8.2	Reach 2		6,667		3,620	0	0	0	3,047
	1.8.3	Reach 3		6,667		2,813	0	0	0	3,854
		TOTAL	9	243,707	;	\$109,340	\$6,688	\$80,858	\$5,073	\$41,498

Reservoir and Pump Station Improvements

The District currently has 22 reservoirs and 14 pump stations that serve areas within the District from sea level to over 1,000 feet in elevation. All of these reservoirs and pump stations must be maintained. Constant preventive maintenance is performed throughout the year that is part of the Operations and Maintenance Budget. Larger improvement projects occur on a regular basis and are included in this Capital Budget.

2.1	Reservoir Seismic Valve Replacement Project – This project consists of the upgrade replacements for two (2) valves needed to ensure proper operation of	
	seismic valves during an earthquake event at Hastie and Moorhead Reservoirs.	\$ 40,000
2.2	San Joaquin Reservoir Assessment of Pressure Treated Wood – This project would hire a qualified consultant to perform an assessment on the pressure treated	
	lumber used to replace the roof.	15,000
2.3	Arch Beach Reservoir Removal Project - This project includes the disassembly, removal, and disposal of the abandoned reservoir.	35,000
	removal, and disposal of the abandoned reservoir.	33,000
2.4	SCADA Program/Computers Upgrade Project – This a continuation of the project started the year prior, this final phase will address discrepancies and upgrades needed to update the computers and program to provide a service life of 10 years. This portion of the project is for the SCADA system that operates the District's pump	
	stations and reservoirs.	22,500
2.5	Solar Bee LED Indicator System – This project includes the installation of a	
	controller indicator system to monitor the proper operation of the (4) Solar Bees	
	without making a confined space entries into reservoirs.	15,000
2.6	Ridge Pump Station Pump Rehab Project-This is phase 2 of a 3 phase Project	
	to rehab all three pumps at the Ridge Pump Station. All pumps have over 10,000 operational hours and are displaying signs of wear.	15,000
	operational flours and are displaying signs of wear.	13,000
2.7	TiaJuana Pump Station Pump Rehab Project - This is phase 2 of a 2 phase project to rehab both pumps and install an anti-cavitation valve at the TiaJuana Pump	
	Station. The pumps are showing signs of deterioration.	15,000
		\$ 157,500
		+ /3 0 0

Transmission and Distribution

From the Aufdenkamp Transmission Main and Coast Supply Line, the District's water is fed into smaller transmission and distribution lines. Most of the work required within this category includes valves, fire hydrants and meters replacement. The programs of meter, fire hydrant, and valve replacement were developed to address those facilities identified as potential problems during the District's yearly inspection program. The goal is preventive replacement before these items fail. Capital funds are designated annually for ongoing replacement programs and miscellaneous projects that are large enough to be considered capital in nature.

3.1 Meter Replacement - This is an ongoing program to replace damaged or worn out water meters throughout the distribution system. Our experience with residential meters as well as industry standards suggests that a meter may last approximately 17.5 years before it should be replaced. An in-house survey revealed that over 25% of the District's meters are over 20 years old and 50% of the meters are over 15 years old. This budgeted amount is being increased from the \$25,000 (450 meters).

\$ 80,000

3.2 **Fire Meter Replacement** - This is a program to replace designated water meters that serve fire sprinklers throughout the distribution system. AWWA industry standards do not approve positive displacement (PD) meters to be used in a fire sprinkler application. Studies show that PD meters may seize up during high usage preventing proper fire sprinkler operation.

100,000

3.3 **Valve Replacement** - The District has an ongoing program of inspecting and exercising valves throughout the distribution system. A list is generated of valves that no longer function properly. Funds are set aside annually to replace these valves. With approximately 1,800 valves in the system, the District should be replacing approximately 30 valves per year assuming that their useful life is 60 years.

200,000

3.4 Fire Hydrant Replacement - The District has an ongoing program of inspecting and exercising fire hydrants throughout the distribution system. A list is generated of hydrants that no longer function properly. Funds are set aside annually to replace these hydrants. Our experience with fire hydrants shows that their useful life is about 70 years. With regular maintenance, this number can be extended as long as replacement parts can be found. Using 70 years as the useful life for the 830 fire hydrants within the District, we should be replacing them at a rate of around 12 per year.

100,000

3.5 **Water Loss Audit** - This project includes water leak testing conducted by an outside contractor for selected portions of the system and water meter accuracy test on 100 selected meters per year

10,500

Transmission and Distribution (continued on next page)

Transmission and Distribution (continued)

3.6 **City Projects** - The City of Laguna Beach has ongoing projects that often require the Water District to modify or relocate its facilities. Smaller items, such as the raising of valve cans or meter boxes due to street paving make up the bulk of this item.

50,000

3.7 **I-Water Field Implementation** - This project is phase 1 of a 3 phase project to implement I-Water software.

(2) Licenses and Software \$ 11,000 (1) Hardbook Lap Top \$ 4,500 Initial Set-up and Programming \$ 3,000

18,500

3.8 **Protection of Transmission and Distribution Facilities** - These projects are to protect District transmission and distribution facilities in cases of protect in place, realignment, relocation, and raising of valve and vault covers in situations of other utility or outside projects (i.e. CalTrans). It also covers protection of District facilities in preparation and recovery from disaster occurrences (i.e. fire, flood, earthquake protection).

85,000

TOTAL \$ 644,000

Cast Iron Replacement

The District continues on an aggressive program to replace all cast iron pipe within the District, per CADPH guidelines. The District's goal is to complete all of the CIP replacement by the end of the 2014/15 fiscal year. The prioritization of the projects may change as warranted by conditions and is based on several factors which include leak reports, location, fireflow conditions, length of project, difficulty of project, and other criteria. As part of the District's ongoing program, the following projects are recommended for this fiscal year:

4.1	Pala Way - Replace approximately 300 lineal 6-inch PVC pipe in Pala Way from Alta Vista to	• •	
	Design		\$ 15,000
	Construction		125,000
	Project Management		20,000
4.2	Thalia Way - Replace approximately 300 line 6-inch PVC pipe in Thalia Street from Pacific C		
	Design		15,000
	Construction		125,000
	Project Management	-	20,000
		TOTAL	\$ 320,000

Master Plan Improvements

These projects are compiled from the recommendations made in the 1996 Water Master Plan Update. It is the District's goal to complete these projects by the 2013/14 fiscal year. The prioritization of the projects may change from time to time, and therefore the list is reviewed on a regular basis. The following projects are recommended for this fiscal year:

5.1 La Brea Area Flow Improvement, Phase II- In continuation of flow improvements in the La Brea area, it is recommended that 1,500 lineal feet of 6-inch pipeline be constructed on San Joaquin, Wave, and Beverly Streets. It is also recommended that the existing PRV station at La Brea Street be upgraded to a 6-inch PRV Valve. Residents at this area will benefit from a new loop system (which minimizes the emergency shut downs) and increased flows from 500gpm to 1500-gpm.

Design	\$ 40,000
Construction	450,000
Project Management	35,000
TOTAL	525,000

5.2 **San Joaquin Pump Station Improvements** - To improve transferring flows to Viejo Reservoir in order to reduce the replenishment time in Zitnik Reservoir in summer time and also during a fire storm, it is recommended that San Joaquin Pump Station and its appurtenances be upgraded to the full capacity of the existing transmission system. Preliminary studies and final design will be accomplished in 2011/12 fiscal year and construction of the proposed improvements will take place in 2012/13 fiscal year.

Design	85,000
Project Management	35,000
TOTAL	120,000

Office Equipment

The items listed under this category cover necessary office system improvements as well as larger office needs.

6.1	Office Furniture - Purchase miscellaneous large office furnishings that are in need of replacement. Upgrade Audio/Visual equipment in Board Room.	\$ 18,000
6.2	Computers - There are approximately 25 computers being used at the District, with associated peripherals. It is recommended that the District have an annual program of computer replacement as the need occurs.	12,000
6.3	Network Improvements – This is an ongoing project to improve security and add redundancy to the District's computer network system.	10,000
6.4	District GIS System – Implement the second phase of a District Geographical Information System (GIS).	75,000
6.5	Update District Website - The District's web site was launched in 2007. Since then, new technologies, content management software, customer notification capabilities, and social networking opportunities have been developed that would enhance our ability to regulary update the site.	24,000
6.6	Document Management Software Licenses - Purchase two additional user licenses for Laserfische, the District's document management software.	3,000
6.7	Digital Copier/Scanner - The District's existing copier is over 7 years old and the repair cycle is increasing. The copier serves all 40 employees and is used to scan documents into the District's Document Managment system. It is recommended that a new copier be purchased.	14,000
	TOTAL	\$ 156,000

Equipment and Vehicles

The annual auditor's report states that replacement of vehicles should be considered between four and ten years. Presently, approximately half of the fleet is over 10 years old. Approximately two or three vehicles and some minor miscellaneous equipment are scheduled to be replaced each year based upon wear and tear, cost of maintenance, and mileage. The current fleet consists of 28 light-medium duty vehicles (pick-up trucks and admin. vehicles) and 5 heavy duty vehicles (dump trucks and flat-beds). This does not include equipment such as backhoes, bobcats, tractors, portable generators, or portable pumps.

7.1	(1) - 1300 pound Tommy Lift Gate - To be mounted on the rear tailgate of	\$ 2,500
	Vehicle No. 5 to safely load fire hydrants and large valves for the Valve and	
	Hydrant Maintenance Crew	

7.2 (2) - Chlorine Mixers - To apply chlorine in reservoirs to maintain water quality 7,000

7.3 (1) - Portable GPS - For marking exact location and reference for various buried appurtenances, piping, and valves. 3,000

7.4 Replace Vehicle No. 34 1993 F-350 HD - Used by the Pump and Motor Maintenance Crew for pump station maintenance with 62,373 miles. (Equipment to include utility bed, spray in bed liner, Radio for communications, overhead safety lighting and controls, back up alarm, crane and air compressor). Recommendation to replace existing vehicle and retire from fleet.

> Vehicle cost \$61,000 Tax and License 2,400 Emergency lighting and radio 1,600

65,000

7.5 **Replace Vehicle No. 38 1995 F-250** with an arrow board and valve exercise equipment used by valve and fire hydrant repair crew with 36,898 miles. (Equipment to include Wach's valve exercise equipment, utility bed, spray in bed liner, Radio for communications, overhead safety lighting and controls and a back up alarm,). Recommendation to replace existing vehicle and retire from fleet.

Vehicle cost	\$26,000
Valve & Exercise Equipment	27,000
Tax and License	2,400
Emergency lighting and radio	4,600

60,000

7.6 Payment No. 3 of 5 - Leased Dump Truck

15,000

TOTAL 152,500

Facility Improvements

This category covers improvements to the District's facilities that are not covered under reservoir, pump station, or pipeline facilities.

8.1	District Office – Assess and replace the District office Heating/Air Conditioning Systems (including load and duct size calculations, heating and cooling units, zone damper, and duct installation).	\$ 190,000
8.2	Arc Safety Level 3 Survey - This project is a Cal OSHA requirement to assess all high voltage switchgear and make recommendations to prevent arc-flash injuries to employees operating electrical equipment and components. Strongly recommended by JPIA.	30,000
8.3	District Office - Exterior Paint – This project includes improvements to District office by prepping and painting exterior of headquarters office building.	28,000
8.4	District Headquarters Office Restroom Restoration Project - This project includes restoration of flooring, walls, sinks, fixtures, and counter tops.	25,000
	TOTAL	\$ 273,000

Water Supply Reliability Projects

The District relies totally on imported water supply. As the reliability of the region's supply becomes more fragile, finding new sources that can augment that supply is a high priority. Several projects fall within this category. These projects will improve the District's source of supply, as well as its flexibility in the event of a major catastrophe.

9.1	Dana Point Ocean Desalination Project - Preliminary studies have shown there is potential for an ocean desalination plant in Dana Point. The District has agreed to participate in further study to determine the viability of the project as an addi-	
	tional source of potable water.	\$ 212,000
9.2	Laguna Canyon Recyling Project - Purchase recycle water from Moulton Niguel Water District for the purpose of the distribution and resale of recycle water in the El Toro Road area as recommended by the recycled water planning study.	1,600,000
9.3	Santa Ana Basin Project – Continue the District's mission to excersise its 2,025 acre-feet adjudicated water right in the Santa Ana Basin.	250,000
9.4	Water Master Plan – The last full scale master plan for the District was prepared in 1996. It was updated in 2001. This item is for preparing a new water master plan for the District's infrastructure that will take into consideration changes in the system and water reliability since the last master plan.	250,000
		230,000
9.5	Water Reliability Study - Investigate potential supplemental water supply sources to augment the District's water supply portfolio.	190,000
	TOTAL	\$ 2,502,000

7 Resolutions

RESOLUTION NO. 772

A RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE LAGUNA BEACH COUNTY WATER DISTRICT OF ORANGE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, ADOPTING THE LBCWD 2011-2012 BUDGET

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, the Board of Directors of Laguna Beach County Water District, does hereby resolve and order as follows:

That the budget estimate for the General Fund and Capital Fund of the District as 1. submitted for fiscal year 2011-2012 is hereby approved.

ADOPTED, SIGNED, AND APPROVED this 7th day of June, 2011.

ATTEST:

June M. Hinchey

CERTIFICATION

I, Renae M. Hinchey, Secretary of the Laguna Beach County Water District, of Orange County, California, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution No. 772 was duly adopted at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of said District, held on the 7th day of June, 2011, by the following vote of Members of the Board:

AYES:

Directors: - Egly, Boyd, Iseman, Pearson, Rollinger

NOES:

Directors: - None

ABSENT:

Directors: - None

And I further certify that Jane Egly as President, and Renae M. Hinchey, as Secretary, signed and approved said Resolution on the 7th day of June, 2011.

Secretary, Laguna Beach County Water District

(District Seal)

STATE of CALIFORNIA)

) ss.

COUNTY OF ORANGE)

I, Renae M. Hinchey, Secretary of the Laguna Beach County Water District of Orange County, California, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and clear copy of Resolution No. 772 passed and adopted by the Board of Directors of said District at a regular meeting hereof held on June 7, 2011. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set by hand and affixed the official seal of said district this 7th day of June, 2011.

(District Seal)

Secretary, Laguna Beach County Water District

Acros In. Hinchey

RESOLUTION NO. 773

A RESOLUTION OF THE LAGUNA BEACH COUNTY WATER DISTRICT. **OF ORANGE** COUNTY. CALIFORNIA, ESTABLISHING A JOB CLASSIFICATION PLAN AND SALARY RANGES; AND REPEALING RESOLUTION NO. 751 AND ALL OTHER RESOLUTIONS AND MOTIONS INCONSISTENT HEREWITH TO THE EXTENT OF SUCH INCONSISTENCY.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, The Board of Directors of the Laguna Beach County Water District, does hereby resolve and order as follows:

- That pursuant to the authorization contained in Ordinance No. 91, adopted June 2, 1987, authorizing the Salary Schedule of Section 11 entitled "Basic Pay Plan" of Ordinance No. 65, adopted February 6, 1973, as amended, to be established from time to time by resolution of this District, the Board of Directors does hereby resolve and order as follows:
- That effective July 8, 2011, the beginning of the first payroll period in July, the "Salary Schedule" of the "Job Classification Plan" is hereby fixed and established as follows:

MONTHLY SALARY SCHEDULE

Grade	Minimum	Control Point	Maximum
31	12,271	15,339	17,640
30	10,671	13,339	15,339
29	9,279	11,599	13,339
28	8,436	10,545	12,126
27	7,848	9,809	11,281
26	7,300	9,125	10,494
25	6,790	8,488	9,761
24	6,317	7,896	9,080
23	5,876	7,345	8,447
22	5,466	6,833	7,858
21	5,085	6,356	7,309
20	4,843	6,053	6,962
19	4,612	5,765	6,630
18	4,393	5,491	6,314
17	4,183	5,229	6,014
16	3,984	4,980	5,727
15	3,794	4,743	5,454
14	3,613	4,517	5,195
13	3,442	4,302	4,947
12	3,202	4,002	4,602

That effective July 8, 2011, the beginning of the first payroll period in July, the 3. following pay grade numbers shall replace those as set forth in Section 11 of Ordinance No. 65 of this District and are hereby allocated and assigned to the following employment positions of the Laguna Beach County Water District, as follows:

EMPLOYMENT POSITION CLASSIFICATION **PAY GRADE NUMBER** GENERAL MANAGER'S OFFICE: General Manager 31 Executive Assistant 20 ADMINISTRATION/CUSTOMER SERVICE: Assistant General Manager 30 Customer Service Supervisor 24 Human Resources Manager 23 Customer Service/Water Use Efficiency Technician 20 Customer Service Representative II 16 Community Relations/Water Use Efficiency Coordinator 14 Customer Service Representative 13 Meter Reader 13 Customer Service Technician 13 FINANCE: Manager of Finance 27 Accountant 22 Senior Accounting Technician 17 **OPERATIONS** Manager of Operations 29 Facilities Maintenance Supervisor 24 Field Maintenance Supervisor 24 Mapping/GIS Specialist 22 Water Resources and Transmission Foreman 22 Construction Inspector 21 Maintenance Worker III 21 Water Quality Specialist 21 Underground Facility Locator 19 Maintenance Worker II 17 Maintenance Worker I 13 Office Assistant 13 Facilities Maintenance Worker 12

4. That Resolution No. 751 and all other resolutions and motions inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistency. This resolution shall be in effect on July 8, 2011, beginning with the first payroll period in July.

ADOPTED, SIGNED AND APPROVED this 7th day of June, 2011.

ATTEST:

Time In Hicky

CERTIFICATION

I, Renae M. Hinchey, Secretary of the LAGUNA BEACH COUNTY WATER DISTRICT, of Orange County, California, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution No.773 was duly adopted at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of said District, held on the 7th day of June, 2011, by the following vote of members of the Board:

AYES:

Directors: - Egly, Boyd, Iseman, Pearson, Rollinger

NOES:

Directors: - None

ABSENT: Directors: - None

And I further certify that Jane Egly, as President, and Renae M. Hinchey, as Secretary, signed and approved said Resolution on the 7th day of June, 2011.

Secretary, Laguna Beach County Water District

(District Seal)

STATE of CALIFORNIA)

) ss.

COUNTY OF ORANGE)

I, Renae M. Hinchey, Secretary of the Laguna Beach County Water District of Orange County, California, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and clear copy of Resolution No. 773 passed and adopted by the Board of Directors of said District at a regular meeting hereof held on June 7, 2011. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set by hand and affixed the official seal of said District this 7th day of June, 2011.

(District Seal)

Secretary of said District

8 Appendices

Tap Water – What a Deal!

For 1/3 of a penny, a gallon of high quality water, fully tested, certified safe & healthy is delivered to your home, right at the tap!

Value Comparisons

ltem	Cost per Gallon	Quality Assurance Agency	Frequency of Quality Testing
	\$25.00	Federal Food & Drug Administration	Annual
Premium Bottled Water			
Premium Soda	\$8.50	Federal Food & Drug Administration	Annual
mik	\$3.50	Federal Food &Drug Administration	Annual
Milk Regular Unleaded Gasoline	\$4.25	United States Department of Transportation	Annual
	\$1.00	Federal Food & Drug Administration	Annual
Generic Bottled Water			
	\$0.0033 (1/3 of a penny)	United States Environmental Protection Agency & California Department of Public Health Services	Daily
Tap Water		& Your Local Water Provider	

Introduction

Water rates differ substantially among the 30 retail water entities in Orange County, as do rates between other utilities, such as sewer, gas and electric services. State law dictates that water agencies may only charge a rate that is necessary to cover their anticipated costs - but the rate that one entity charges in Orange County may not be sufficient to cover the costs of another entity, even though they are both water entities in the same County.

Key reasons for these differences are:

- Source of Water does the water entity have access to groundwater or is all the water imported from far away?
- Topography is the service area hilly and does the water need to be pumped to higher elevations or is the topography flat? Do the regional pipelines deliver water nearby or must the water be conveyed long distances via local facilities?
- Sources of revenue other than the rates charged for water does the entity receive a portion of the property tax revenue, do they have other sources of income, what is the level of investment income?
- Age of their capital facilities are they older or newer? What has been the level of maintenance and refurbishment for the facilities have they received a higher or lower level of maintenance?

<u>Table 1</u> is a more complete list of the factors that affect water rates. For further information on the specific applicability of these factors to any one entity, we refer you to the <u>Contact Information</u> for each entity. Additional information can be found in the following article:

"Why Retail Water Rates Vary in Orange County"

Table 1

Factors Causing Differences in Water Rates Between Entities

- 1. Source of Supply Imported Metropolitan water is typically more expensive than local groundwater (especially the groundwater in the Orange County Water District which is about half the cost of imported water). It should be noted that some local supplies can actually cost more than imported water.
- 2. Distance to Metropolitan import pipelines or other major sources. Some entities are very close to their main source of water, while others need pumping and conveyance systems to move the water into their service area.
- 3. Service area elevation and amount of pumping required. Entities with hilly terrain typically have more pumping facilities and more storage reservoirs and have a higher capital and operating expense.
- 4. Configuration of service area. Some water service areas are more compact and require fewer facilities to distribute the water whereas other service areas are more spread out or less densely populated, thus requiring higher costs per unit of population.
- 5. Ability to interconnect with surrounding entities or adjacent facilities. Entities ability to partner or interconnect with neighboring entities or facilities will have a lower level of costs compared to an entity that is independent and has to build all redundancies into their own system.
- 6. Age of system. Typically a system constructed long ago requires a higher level of investment or even replacement at a certain time. Also, facilities can be maintained at a higher or lower level, thus requiring a different level of investment. Newer facilities result in a higher capital cost, but lower costs to support a similar level of facilities.
- 7. Service area mix of commercial, industrial, single family, etc. Differing mixes of demands in the system require a difference in facility needs. Cost recovery needs will differ and result in varying impacts on water rates.
 - 8. Density and lot sizes. These impact the cost of operating a system.
- 9. Customer income. Generally, as income rises, water use increases. This can allow the cost of facilities to be spread over a larger customer base of usage, but can also increase the cost of serving higher using customers.
- 10. Funding of capital pay as you go vs. debt financing. The philosophical question to be addressed by the entity is one of equity of who is paying for the system, existing customers, new customers or a combination. Using financing increases the cost of facilities due to the cost of borrowing, but it also allows the costs to be spread out and repaid over time.
- 11. Funding of repairs, replacements and depreciation. How these needs are funded and the level of investments made impact the cost of service and thus the rates of an entity.
- 12. Water only vs. water and sewer by same entity. Spreading the overhead and management costs of multiple functions can create economies of scale and can result in symbiotic relationships.

Table 1 continued...

Factors Causing Differences in Water Rates Between Entities

- 13. Recycling supplies and water use efficiency (conservation) philosophy. The cost of service model for an entity covers the cost recovery aspects from various customer classes and functions. Having multiple functions can create economies of scale and symbiotic relationships. The issue of how to fund water conservation or water use efficiency functions (e.g., all users or just high water users) affects water rates.
- 14. Recovery of administrative services by municipalities. Cities typically require a cost recovery item for the benefits received from the functions provided by the city to the enterprise fund of the water department. The level of these costs varies from city to city and can impact costs and rates.
- 15. Level of grant funding or other funding incentives. Some entities do very well in seeking and obtaining outside funding to help reduce the costs of certain services to their customers.
- 16. Rate setting philosophy and methodology The cost of service model dictates how rates and charges are established and collected from customers, including capital and operations and maintenance costs. Some agencies have budget based tiered rates where each customer is provided a water "budget" which allows for a reasonable amount of water for both indoor and outdoor water usage each month. Water use over the "budget" is charged at higher and higher rates to send an economic message to customers regarding efficient water use and to cover the costs of securing additional supplies or implementing additional conservation efforts in other parts of the service area.
- 17. Funding of growth through developers or water rates. Part of the rate setting process addresses existing customers vs. new customers and how rates and charges are set and collected. Access to developer investments to construct and improve water systems can result in lower rates.
- 18. Level of taxes to entity. Some entities receive tax funds whereas others do not. It is not equal from entity to entity and results in differences in rates.
- 19. Level of reserves (cash flow, replacement, rate stabilization, etc.). Entities differ on the level of reserves they want and need on hand and the levels of risks they are subject to and hence the costs of these items are put on the water rates.
- 20. Public input during ratemaking. Different entities have different philosophies, often with input from the local community.
- 21. Availability of redevelopment funding. Can impact the cost of service and revenues to an entity.
- 22. Master metering vs. individual meters to individual units. The costs of service and collection of revenue is affected under these policies.
- 23. Level of treatment required for local supplies and the distribution system. Chlorination, chloramination and fluoridation of supplies all add expenses as well as other types of treatment for specific situations.

LAGUNA BEACH COUNTY WATER DISTRICT **WATER RATE HISTORY** 1975 TO PRESENT

		197	5 TO PRESEN	N I			
				WATER	%WATER	MWD	%MWD
RESOLUTION OR	EFFECTIVE	SERVICE		CHARGE	CHARGE	WATER	WATER RATE
ORDINANCE #	DATE	BI-MON		(PER CCF)	INCREASE	RATE (AF)	INCREASE
ORD. #69	07/01/75	3/4" - 5.00		0.28			
		1 1/2" - 11.25					
	07/04/77	3" - 25.00	4" - 40.00				
DEC. # 004	07/01/77	0/411 77.50				75	
RES. # 301	07/01/78	3/4" - 7.50	1" - 11.25	0.52	86%	84	12%
		1 1/2" - 16.88					
	07/04/04	3" - 37.50	4" - 60.00				
RES. # 367	07/01/81		SAME	SAME	100/	121	44%
RES. # 377	07/01/82 07/01/83		SAME	0.62	19%	192	59%
RES. # 384	07/01/83		SAME	0.71	15%	SAME	
(AMENDS SEC 2-377)	07/01/03		SAME	0.83	17%	SAME	
RES. # 395	07/01/84		CANE	0.07	50 /	04145	
RES. # 406	07/01/85		SAME	0.87	5%	SAME	470/
(AMENDS SEC 2-395)	07/01/05		SAME	0.91	5%	224	17%
RES. # 424	07/01/86		SAME	0.00	E0/	220	20/
(AMENDS SEC 2-406)	07701700		SAIVIE	0.96	5%	230	3%
RES. # 499	07/01/91		SAME	1.11	16%	064	400/
(REPEALS 377,384,395)	07/01/91		SAIVIE	1.11	16%	261	13%
RES. # 503	07/01/92	3/4" - 10.00	1" - 15.00	1.37	220/	200	000/
(REPEALS ORD.67,69,	01/01/92	1 1/2" - 22.50	2" - 30.00	1.37	23%	322	23%
RES.301,367,395,424,499)		3" - 50.00	4" - 80.00				
BOARD MOTION	01/06/93	3 - 30.00	SAME	1.65	20%*	CAME	
RES. # 523	07/01/93		SAME	1.98	20%	SAME	000/
(REPEALS RES. #503)	07701793		SAME	1.90	20%	385	20%
(NET EALS NEST 17000)	07/01/94		SAME	1.98		412	7%
BOARD MOTION	02/01/95		SAME	2.12	7%	SAME	1%
DO, IND MOTION	07/01/95		SAME	2.12	1 70	426	3%
BOARD MOTION	09/01/95	3/4" - 11.50	1" - 23.00	2.12	4%	SAME	3%
DO, II D MO HOI	00/01/00	1 1/2" - 45.00	2" - 60.00	2.20	4 70	SAIVIE	
		3" - 100.00	4" - 160.00				
	1/1/1997	0 - 100.00	SAME	2.20		431	1%
BOARD MOTION	3/1/1999		SAME	2.31	5%	SAME	170
BOARD MOTION	4/1/2000		SAME	2.43	5%	SAME	
BOARD MOTION	7/1/2001		SAME	2.50	3%	SAME	
BOARD MOTION	7/1/2002	3/4" - 15.00	1" - 30.00	2.50	0 70	SAME	
		1 1/2" - 60.00	2" - 75.00	2.00			
		3" - 130.00	4" - 205.00				
BOARD MOTION	7/1/2003		SAME	2.64	6%	435	1%
	1/1/2004		SAME	2.64	370	451	3%
BOARD MOTION	7/1/2004		SAME	2.74	4%	451	0 /0
	1/1/2004		SAME	2.74	. 70	476	6%
RESOLUTION # 680	7/1/2005		SAME	2.82	3%	473	-1%
	1/1/2006		SAME	2.82	- 70	482	2%
RESOLUTION # 700	7/1/2006	3/4" - 18.00	1" - 36.00	2.85	1%	479	-1%
		1 1/2" - 72.00	2" - 90.00			., •	. , ,
		3" - 156.00	4" - 246.00				
	1/1/2007		SAME	2.85		490	2%
RESOLUTION #710	7/1/2007	3/4" - 20.00	1" - 40.00	2.94	3%	490	
		1 1/2" - 80.00	2" - 100.00		- , 5		
		3" - 173.00	4" - 273.00				
	1/1/2008		SAME	2.94		520	6%
	7/1/2008		SAME	2.94		529	2%
					·		

LAGUNA BEACH COUNTY WATER DISTRICT WATER RATE HISTORY 1975 TO PRESENT

In the second se		~~~	O TO T NEGET	4 1			
RESOLUTION OR ORDINANCE#	EFFECTIVE DATE	SERVICE BI-MON		WATER CHARGE (PER CCF)	%WATER CHARGE INCREASE	MWD WATER RATE (AF)	%MWD WATER RA INCREAS
RESOLUTION #729	12/01/08	3/4" - 21.60 1 1/2"-107.98 3" - 345.52	2" - 172.76	30 - 3.02	3%	604	14%
RESOLUTION # 736	07/01/09	3/4" - 22.69 1 1/2"-113.46 3" - 363.06	2" - 181.53 4" - 567.28	30 - 3.23 over - 3.58	7%	586 701	-3% 16%
RESOLUTION # 765	01/01/11	3/4" - 24.04 1 1/2"-120.18 3" - 360.55	1" - 60.09 2" - 192.29 4" - 600.92	(Budgeted)	10% 66%	744	6%
RESOLUTION #765	01/01/12	3/4" - 24.77 1 1/2"-123.84 3" - 371.53	1" - 61.92 2" - 198.15 4" - 619.21	Tier 1 - 3.66 (Budgeted) Tier 2 -6.10 (Inefficient)	3% 2%	794	7%

^{*} Offsets Property Tax Revenue Loss

Revised 07/01/11

For Different Volumes (ccf) of Potable Water Used in 1 Month by a Single-Family Residence, showing Fixed and Commodity portions of the Bill *

Assumed Monthly Usage →		7,480 gallo 10 ccf	lons	18,700 gallons 25 ccf	29,920 gallons 40 ccf	lons	41,140 gallons 55 ccf	gallons	Typical E	3III * in ti	Typical Bill * in this Entity		-
	Fixed	Comm- odity = To	Total	+ Comm- odity = Total	Comm.	= Total	+ Comm- odity	≖ Total	Typical [1] ccf	+ typical Comm- [1] ccf Fixed odity		= Total	Click below on the entity name to
Entities with Uniform Rates													•
Anaheim, City of	5.00	18.7 \$ 7	23.70	46.75 \$ 51.75	74.80 \$	79.80	102.85 \$	\$ 107.85	8	2.00	37.40 \$	42.40	Anaheim City of
East Orange CWD Retail Zone	20.75	20.00	67.04	50.00 \$ 70.75	\$ 00.08	100.75	110.00	\$ 130.75	27.5	20.75	\$ 00'99	75.75	East Orange CWD Retail Zone
Fountain Valley, City of	3.00	24.20 \$ 3	27.20	60.50 \$ 63.50	\$ 08.86	99.80	133.10 \$	\$ 136.10	25	3.00	\$ 05.09	63.50	Fountain Valley, City of
Huntington Beach, City of	10.90	•	28.38	43,71 \$ 54,61	\$ 66.69	80.83	96.16 \$	\$ 107.06	12	10.90	20.98 \$	31,88	Huntington Beach, City of
Mesa Consolidated WD	8.50	27.00 \$ 3	35.50	67.50 \$ 76.00	108.00 \$	116.50	148.50 \$	\$ 157.00	16	8.50	43.20 \$	51.70	Mesa Consolidated WD
Newport Beach, City of	8.27	22.00 \$ 3	30.27	55.00 \$ 63.27	88.00 \$	96.27	121.00 \$	\$ 129.27	42	8.27	37.40 \$	45.67	Newbort Beach, City of
Serrano WD	26.63	12.45 \$ 3	39.03	49.80 \$ 76.43	87.15 \$	113.78	124.50 \$	\$ 151.13	49	26.63	109.56 \$	136.19	Serrano WD
Yorba Linda WD	11.73	25.20 \$ 3	36.93	63.00 \$ 74.73	100.80 \$	112.53	138.60 \$	\$ 150.33	30	11.73	75,60 \$	87.33	Yorba Linda WD

Brea, City of	5.88	24.30	\$ 30,18	67.29 \$	73.17	116.72 \$	122.60	169.67	175.55	16	5.88	40.80 \$	46.68	Brea. City of
uena Park, City of [2]	16.05	8.39	\$ 24.45	31.11	47.16	\$ 69.99	76.65	\$ 07.16	107.75	æ	16.05	39.86	55,91	Buena Park, City of
ullerton, City of	7.12	19.83		\$3.00 \$	60.12	\$ 01.68	96.22	125.58 \$	132.70	20	7.12	41.94 \$	49.06	Fullerton, City of
Sarden Grove, City of	6.38	25.40		64.06 \$	70.44	103.36 \$	109.74	142.66 \$	149.04	14,5	6.38	36.83 \$	43.21	Garden Grove, City of
Golden State WC [3]	15.38	31.57	\$ 46.94	86.43 \$	101.80	147.94 \$	163.31	209.45 \$	224.82	18	15.38	59.15 \$	74.53	Golden State WC
a Habra, City of	11.11	24.90	\$ 36.01	62.25	73.36	\$ 09.66	110.71	136.95 \$	148.06	18	11,11	44.82 \$	55.93	La Habra, City of
a Palma, City of	19.50	14.03	\$ 33.53	46.76 \$	86.26	123.11 \$	142.61	199.46	218.96	25	19.50	30.94 \$	50.44	La Palma, City of
iouiton Niguel WD	8.91	11.60	\$ 20.51	32.45 \$	41.36	\$8.70 \$	1979	86.95	95.86	18	8.91	22.00 \$	30.91	Moulton Niguel WD
Stange, City of	10.07	10.09	\$ 20.16	28.62 \$	38.69	53.92 \$	63.99	79.23 \$	89.30	22	10.07	23.55 \$	33.62	Orange, City of
Santa Ana, City of	3.50	26.73		\$ 01.89	71.60	114.55 \$	118.05	161.01 \$	164.51	17	3.50	45.44 \$	48.94	Santa Ana City of
anta Margarita WD	6.03	19.38	\$ 25.41	\$ 87.13	187.2	91.13 \$	97.16	135,38 \$	141.41	16	6.03	31.44 \$	Γ	Santa Margarita WD
seal Beach, City of	16.34	19.30	\$ 35.64	48.25 \$	64.59	\$6.16 \$	102.50	124.71	141.05	11	16.34	21.23 \$	Г	Seal Beach, City of
South Coast WD	19.66	22.80	\$ 42.46	\$ 19.98	106.30	177.84 \$	187,50	\$ 69.04	288.70	20	19.66	63.84 \$	Г	South Coast WD
ustin, City of	17.25	8.00	\$ 25.25	32.75 \$	20.00	70.40 \$	87.65	109.70	126.95	20	17,25	22.90 \$	40.15	Tustin, City of
/estminster, City of [4]	7.20	23.40	\$ 30.60	\$ 05.85	65.70	109.95	117.15	165.48 \$	172.68	17	7.20	39.78 \$	46.98	Westminster, City of

San Clemente, City of	San Juan Capistrano, City of	Trabuco Canyon WD	
44.99	66.50	71.80	
34.07 \$	48.50 \$ 52.40 \$	47.05 \$	
10.92	18.00 00.81	24.75	
£ 5	4 4	ឌឌ	
316.41	308.33	174.93	
305.49 \$	290.33 \$	150.18 \$ 194.77 \$	
205.11	196.63 299.58	119.89	
194.19 \$ 223.81 \$	178.63 \$ 281.58 \$	96.14 \$ 115.32 \$	
82.89 \$	50.98 91.18 \$ 109.18 50.98 121.38 \$ 139.38	53.65 \$	
	32.98 \$ 50 32.98 \$ 50		
10.92 10.92	18.00	24.75	
San Clemente summer San Clemente winter	San Juan Capistrano July San Juan Capistrano Jan.	Trabuco Canyon WD warm Trabuco Canyon WD cool	

El Tore WD [5] with July outdoors allocation	13.45	18.00 \$ 31.45	54.00 \$ 67.45	67.45	94.00	97.45	97.45 111.00 \$ 124.45	124.45	81	18 13.45	32.40 \$	45.85	32.40 \$ 45.85 El Toro WD
Emerald Bay Serv. Distr.	12.02	32.80 \$ 44.82	82.00 \$	62.00 \$ 94.02	131.20 \$	131.20 \$ 143.22	180.40 \$	180.40 \$ 192.42	19	19 12.02 6	62.32 \$	74.34	62.32 \$ 74.34 Emerald Bay Serv. Distr.
Irvine Ranch WD with allocation of 40 ccf	8.00	9,10 \$ 17,10	25.45 \$	25.45 \$ 33.45	43.60	51.60	1	89.10	13	8.00	11.83 \$	19.83	13 8.00 11.83 \$ 19.83 Ivine Ranch WD
Irvine Ranch WD with allocation of 25 cof	8.00	9,10 \$ 17,10	27.25 \$ 35.25	35.25	64.75	72.75	169.90 \$ 167.90	167.90	13	8.00	13 8.00 12.73 \$ 20.73	20.73	
Laguna Beach CWD with an allocation of 15 cef	12.02	35.60 \$ 47.62 113.00 \$ 125.02	113.00 \$	125.02	202.40	214.42	202.40 214.42 291.80 \$ 303.82	1	70	12.02	53.40 \$	65.42	15 12.02 53.40 \$ 65.42 anuma Reach CWD

cof = one hundred cubic feet. 1 cof = 748 gallons.

* Bill shown does not include pumping energy sucharge that may be applicable only to the higher zones of a system.

[1] Typical single-family water usage varies within Orange County due to local climate, lot size, and other factors. Typical usage ocf number shown was provided by the entity.

[2] Buena Park has a 10.0% Capital Improvements charge that is included in all its numbers shown on this page.

[3] Golden State WC has a 1.5% PUC surcharge included in all its numbers shown on this page.

[4] Westminster has a 4.0% general utility users' lax included in numbers shown on this page.

[5] El Toro WD bills were based on occupancy, billing days, irrigable area and ET factor. Above calculations assumes varying occupancy, 31 days in the billing cycle, 7,000 square feet and a 10-year historical ET factor for July. All scenarios assume efficient use of water. Households with inefficient water use would expect to pay more.

See also notes on individual entity water rate structure on Table 2.

C. William C.			
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Fixed Rates

Date Carlotte	joo	-	ī	tas	and the same	alle word	cate with ners per month	uldonin 193						Mesidential	Meter Charge	Capital [9] Charnes
Value City of July 2010 July 2010 1870 Brea, City of Sears, City of [1] July 2010 1870 Buena Park, City of [1] Jan 2010 2000 East Orange CWD Renal July 2010 2 000 El Teor Wu [19] July 2010 Emerald Bay Serv. Distr. Jan 2011	5						d		100 17 67 6000			CONTRACTOR SECOND SECON			Charge	SERVICE
Jul-2010 1870 Jul-2010 Jul-2010 Setall Jul-2009 2.000 Jul-2010 K. Dietr. Jul-2011		100	up to Stacf	3		S of du	Steet up to	to Steet	9	Steet	ig 9	S/cef up to	Steed	(1000)	2011 613111	Sugar
Brea, City of [1] Jul-2010						1								5/8 or 3/4	5.00	
Buena Park, City of [1] Jan-2010 East Orange CWD Retail Jun-2009 El Toro WD [19] Jul-2010 Emerald Bay Serk, Distr. Jan-2011	12	2.430	24 2.9	2.910 36	3.210	above 3	3.530		L	-				5/8 or 1	5.88	
East Orange CVID Retail Jun-2009 2.000 El Toro VID [10] Jul-2010 Emerald Bay Serv. Distr. Jan-2011	10.7	0.763 2	28.1 1.4	1.406 132	1.885	above 2	2.648							5/8 or 3/4	14.595	
Enerald Bay Serv Distr. Jan-2011				-			-		\rfloor	1				3/4	10.75	other charges
Jan-2011	€	1.800	(B) 2.2	2.200 (C)	4.380	(D)	5.940							3/4	10.14	
			L.	l	1				L					3/4	12 02	
Fountain Valley, City of Jul-2010 2.420														5/8 or 3/4	3 00	
	10		27 2.2	æ	2.432		_		L					5/8 or 3/4	7.12	
76		Н		2.620 250	2.690	above 2	2.770							8/9	5.69	69.0
Golden State WC [6] Mar-2011	13	3.110	21 3.5	3.570 above	4.040		_			-				8/8	15.15	
Huntington Beach, City of Oct-2010 1.7483														3/4	10.90	
Irvine Ranch WD Allocation=		070					- 8		<u>_</u>							
	0	2.8.0	40 1.2	00	7.300	80 4	4.320 above	ve 9.480	5	1	-			5/8 or 3/4	8.00	
Irwne Kanch WD Allocations 25 ccf's [Sileits]	01	0.910	25 1.9	1 2 10 3 7 5	2 500	50	4 320 ahove	0.480				***************************************		200 20 314	0	
6	l					1	2		-					5/8	11 11	
La Palma, City of [2] Jul-2010		,		2.260 above	5.090									5/8 or 3/4	19.50	
Laguna Beach CWD Jan-2011		3.560 ab		5.960										3/4	12.02	
Mesa Consolidated MD Jul-2010 2.700													Track Seek	5/8	8.50	
Jun-2010	10	1.160	20 1.3	1.300 30	1.570	50 1	1.840 above	ve 1.970	-	-				3/4	8.91	
ay es														3/4	8.27	
		1.009	70 1.6		above 1.818					_				5/8 or 3/4	10.07	
San Clemente summer [7] Sep-2010	13	2.130		3.190 above										-	10.92	
1				apc										-	10.92	
		-			ì		10.680							5/8	18.00	
no Jan. [4]		2.910	12 3.8	3.880 24	5.830 above		10.680							9/8	18.00	
	22													8/9	3.50	
	9		20 2.0	2.010 35	2.460	70 2	2.950 above	/e 3.770	0				38.	3/4	6.03	
y of [2] Jul-2010	56	1.930 abo	above 2.5	2.570										5/8	16.34	
														5/8 or 3/4	26.63	
South Coast WD Jul-2010	5	1.520	13 3.0	3.040 25	4.560		6.080 above	/e 7.600	_	_				3/4	19.66	
_	6	2.100	ı	50 27	2.200	36 2		15 3.220		3.820	63	4.560 above	5.410	5/8	8.25	16.50
ND Cool						2		3	98 0	3.820	42	4.560 above	5.410	2/8	8.25	16.50
			10 1.0	1.020 15	1.330	20 1	.650 2	25 1.970		2.290 at	above	2.620		5/8 or 3/4	12.25	5.00
y of [6] Jul-2010	28	2.250 about	above 3.560	99			_							5/8 or 3/4	3.66	3.26
Yorba Linda WD Sep-2010 2.520													機構	+	11.73	

All water used between 100 % and 150% of the allocation will be charged @

\$2,33

cd = hundred cubic feet 1 cd = 748 gallons.

[1] Fullenton monthly ters for single-family residences shown were converted from gallons to cdf. Fullenton has 50% lower tiers for multi-family residences.

Buana Partx monthly ters for single-family shown were converted from bi-monthly gallons to monthly cdf. All other customers price is \$1.406 per cdf.

[2] La Palma commodity take applies to each cdf above the first 5 cdf in two monthly cdf. All other customers price is \$1.406 per cdf.

[3] La Habaria upon to a seal of above the first 5 cdf in two monthly cdf. All other customers base exceeds these the first 5 cdf. in two monthly cannot than 6% of the customers base exceeds these tiers. All water [5] IRWD customers water of central needs can me by the Low Volume and Base State items. Generally no more than 6% of the customers base exceeds these tiers. Solicit; all water used between 150% and 200% of allocation will be charged at \$4.320ct; and all usege encourant cheeds are me by the Low Volume and Base State.

[5] IRWD provides water to three areas. The rates presented identify 89% of the water tors 9% of allocation will be charged at \$4.320ct; and used to commodity rate is \$5.50ct.

[6] IRWD provides water to three areas. The rates presented identify 89% of the water tors 6% of allocation will be charged at \$4.320ct and lusted between 150% and control to commodity rate is \$5.330ct.

[7] San Clemmath Summarre May-Dept 100 of the rates presented identify 89% of the water used within the District.

[8] The following agencies have a tax or surcharge on by of the rates shown:

[9] These agencies have a ded charge that is in addition to a "meter charge" variety and the following should be noted:

[9] These agencies have a capital improvements charge that is 10% of the sum of consumption and meter charges.

[9] These agencies have a ded charge that is 10% of the sum of consumption and meter charges.

[9] The state of the consuments and explained the state of the properties and the following should be noted:

[9] The fol

of \$10 per 2 months. \$6.52 per 2 months for all size of meter

[10] ETWD Water Budget Based Tered Conservation Rate Structure assigns budgets to individual customers based on meeting efficient water needs.

(A) Tier I rates applied to Tier I budgets which are based on occupancy and number of billing days.

(B) Tier I rates are applied to Tier I budgets which are based on intigable area and ET factors.

(C) Tier III rates are applied to consumption over Tier II and up to 130% of Tier II and Tier II.

(D) Tier IV rates apply to consumption over Tier II and up to 130% of Tier I and Tier II.

Laguna Beach County Water District 2011/12 Budget

RETAIL ENTITY WATER SOURCES, FY 2009-10

Source of Water, %

				Recycled		
				Non-		
	Metropolitan	Ground	Surface	Potable		
Retail Water Entity	Water [1]	Water	Water	Water [2]	Total	
Anaheim, City of	37%	63%			100%	CUP water is counted as imported water
Brea, City of	28%	72%			100%	
Buena Park, City of	18%	82%				CUP water is counted as Groundwater
East Orange CWD Retail Zone	38%	62%			100%	
El Toro WD	96%			4%	100%	
Emerald Bay Serv. Distr.	100%				100%	EBSD contracts w/ Laguna Beach CWD for water
Fountain Valley, City of	32%	62%		6%	100%	
Fullerton, City of	38%	62%			100%	
Garden Grove, City of	38%	62%			100%	
Golden State WC	38%	62%			100%	
Huntington Beach, City of	32%	68%			100%	
Irvine Ranch WD	27%	50%		23%	100%	
La Habra, City of	20%	80%			100%	
La Palma, City of	34%	66%			100%	
Laguna Beach CWD	100%				100%	
Mesa Consolidated WD	12%	83%	******	5%	100%	Colored water included with groundwater
Moulton Niguel WD	n.r.		***************************************	n.r.		——————————————————————————————————————
Newport Beach, City of	38%	62%		<1%	100%	
Orange, City of	34%	62%	5%		100%	
San Clemente, City of	88%	7%		5%	100%	
San Juan Capistrano, City of	73%	22%	***************************************		100%	
Santa Ana, City of	38%	62%		<1%	100%	C.U.P. "In-lieu" water counted w/ MET water
Santa Margarita WD	90%	0%		10%	100%	
Seal Beach, City of	40%	60%			100%	
Serrano WD		39%	61%	***************************************	100%	
South Coast WD	79%	9%	0%	12%	100%	includes the South Laguna service area.
Trabuco Canyon WD	71%	7%	5%	17%	100%	
Tustin, City of	9%	91%			100%	
Westminster, City of	32%	68%	***************************************	····	100%	
Yorba Linda WD	54%	46%		***************************************	100%	

^[1] Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MET) imports water to Southern California from the Colorado River Basin and from Northern California. Long-Term "In-Lieu" water deliveries that indirectly replenish aquifers are counted here as MET water, and are not counted as Groundwater, unless indicated otherwise.

^[2] Recycled municipal wastewater and/or Non-Potable surface or ground water.

C.U.P. In the Conjunctive Use Program, MET stores water in the groundwater basin. The storage may be accomplished by "In-Lieu" deliveries. n.r. No response was received for this item.

AGENCY POPULATION AND WATER SYSTEM FACILITIES, 2009

					POTAB	LE WAT	POTABLE WATER SYSTEM	M			ž	NON-POTABLE *	* 115
					Number of	Potable	Untreated	Surface	Number	Capacity		Number of	Non-Pot.
		Miles of	Number	Capacity	Potable	Water	Water	Water	oţ	of	Miles	Non-Pot.	Water
-		8" or	of	of Active	Water	Storage	Stored for	Treatment	Booster	Booster	of 8" or	Water	Storage
	Population	Larger	Active	Wells	Tanks &	Capacity	Potable	Capacity	Pump	Pumps	Larger	Tanks &	Capacity
Water Agency	Served [1]	Pipe	Wells	(GPM)	Resvs.	(MG)	Use (MG)	(MGD)	Stations	(GPM)	Pipe	Resvs.	(MG)
Anaheim, City of	355,252	750	20	55,970	13	29	920	15	6	71,010			
Brea, City of	40,016	162	0	ř	9	29			4	8,300			
Buena Park, City of	83,834	216	8	16,000	_	20			•	4,000			
East Orange CWD Retail	3,463	17	2	1,500	3	1.8			2	2,000			
El Toro WD	52,170	148	0		9	137			8	18,300		*	12
Emerald Bay Serv. Distr.	1,268	2	0										
Fountain Valley, City of	58,803	142	2	15,000	2	10			2	14,000	7	0	0
Fullerton, City of	137,088	300	7	22,950	16	69.5			12	19,000			
Garden Grove, City of	176,526	433	10	32,150	8	53			5	41,600			
Golden State WC	168,846	224	28	21,175	15	13			13	20,930			
Huntington Beach, City of	203,649		10	30,000	4	22			3	44,365			
Irvine Ranch WD	334,010	1,131	27	52,513	38	149			45	93,120	668	15	9,300
La Habra, City of	62,687		τ	1,600	3	17.5			5	669'9			
La Palma, City of	15,543	34	2	3,400	2	4.5			2	5,975			
Laguna Beach CWD	20,844	132	0		21	34			14	19,100			
Mesa Consolidated WD	110,568	197	6	15,000	2	28			2	29,000			
Moulton Niguel WD	170,169	740	0	0	28	83.4			28	80,700	140	12	344.7
Newport Beach, City of	66,417	169	4	11,000	. 3	200			5	37,000			
Orange, City of	139,902	259	16	28,279	18	43			16	50,095			
Orange County WD											32		0.9
San Clemente	57,431	175	2	1,200	14	23	0	0	16	26,000	9	0	0
San Juan Capistrano	39,791	161	8	5,080	9	14.0			8	10,350	12	_	0.5
Santa Ana, City of	355,564	236	20	45,090	8	49			7	72,490		-	
Santa Margarita WD	152,665	579	2	009	31	246			19	166,774	114	6	1,478
Seal Beach, City of	25,147	66	3	8,000	2	7			2	6,500			
Serrano WD	6,756	43	3	3,900	2	6	387	4	2	5,800			
South Coast WD [1]	36,785	119	-	069	. 13	21.6			10	23,230	58	3	4.7
Trabuco Canyon WD	14,126	57	2	820	7	10		4	5	8,100	3	τ	44
Tustin, City of	68,355	29	-	10,400	9	12			4	11,000			
Westminster, City of	94,914	150	1	19,649	. 2	16				9,000			
Yorba Linda WD	77,097	125	6	12,600	13	20			12	38,000		-	
Totals	3,129,686	7,272	225	414,596	296	1,471	1,307	23	262	942,378	742	43	11,190

* "Non-Potable"system is for landscape irrigation and other non-domestic uses. The water served includes recycled water and/or non-potable ground and surface water.

I. No response was given to this item.

[1] Population as of Jan. 1 2008 per Center for Demographic research, CSU Fullerton. Draft unpublished data set. Population is for the actual service area of the water agency. Population for a City water department will be different than for the City if the water service area is is different than the City area.

NUMBER OF WATER SERVICES, AND SALES VOLUME, BY SERVICE TYPE FY 2009-10

	Totals	62,877	9,243	14,184	940	9,171	305	10,588	26,015	23,484		27,896	83,692	8,973	2,228	3,371	18,235	33,838	16,630	27,880	8,632	8,202	36,498	32,448	3,655	2,925	6,767	2,848	11,277	11,473	19,353	523,627
	Recycled & Non- Potable mixed use [4]			0		0		0	0				0				0	0		0	0	0	0	195		0	0	0	0	0	0	195
et)	Recycled & Non-Pot. Dedicated Irrigation Meters [3]			0		418		1,366	0				19,444				1,034	7,118	367	0	431	929	137	6,416		0	2007	626	0	0	351	39,168
(Acre-F	IsruiluoirgA	0	0	0	-	0		8	15	12	n.r.		6,928		am. Res.		0	0	0	180	0	190	0	0	am. Res.	5	0	112	0	0	84	7,535
Sales Volume (Acre-Feet)	[S] əsu bəxim I-I-O	23,886	4,207	4,291	12	1,089	31	2,816	8,058	5,966	n.r.	4.674	14,717	1,502	all other combined with Single Fam. Res	673	4,472	2,677	3,126	8,818	768	2,140	9,167	1,368	all other combined with Single Fam. Res	78	926	461	2,347	2,814	4,663	115,797
Sales	1-l-Dedicated التنوعزion Meters	0	0	785	38	2,168		0	0	0		2,912	4,712	621	mbined wil	0	1,056	3,859	3,210	472	1,728	0	1,966	5,508	mbined wif	0	1,001	0	0	0	0	30,036
	Multi- Family Residential [1]	13,675	686	2,518	19	3,172		206	5,533	4,984	n.r.	6,298	4,180	1,616	all other co	544	5,493	2,599	2,266	4,560	1,403	1,194	11,129	2,631	all other co	0	1,123	30	2,638	2,452	417	82,169
	ylims9 elgni2 Isitnəbizə9	25,316	4,047	6,590	870	2,323	274	5,692	12,409	12,522	n.r.	14,012	33,711	5,234		2,154	6,180	17,585	7,661	13,850	4,302	4,008	14,099	16,330	_	2,842	2,877	1,619	6,292	6,207	13,838	248,726
	Retail Water Entity	Anaheim, City of	11,879 Brea, City of	18,914 Buena Park, City of	East Orange CWD Retail	El Toro WD	Emerald Bay Serv. Distr.	16,905 Fountain Valley, City of	Fullerton, City of		Golden State WC	52,356 Huntington Beach, City of	Irvine Ranch WD	12,638 La Habra, City of	4,369 La Palma, City of	8,015 Laguna Beach CWD	23,968 Mesa Consolidated WD	54,144 Moutton Niguel WD	26,395 Newport Beach, City of	37,066 Orange, City of	17,249 San Clemente	10,818 San Juan Capistrano	44,410 Santa Ana, City of	53,269 Santa Margarita WD	5,349 Seal Beach, City of	2,287 Serrano WD	12,369 South Coast WD	$\overline{}$	_	Westminster, City of	23,820 Yorba Linda WD	Totals
	Totals	62,607	11,879	18,914	1,212	10,037	548	16,905	31,401	33,894		52,356	100,206	12,638	4,369	8,015	23,968	54,144	26,395	37,066	17,249	10,818	44,410	53,269	5,349	2,287	12,369	4,061	14,117	20,294	23,820	714,597
ers")	[4] botable mixed use Becycled & Non-			0		0		0	0	0		0	61		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99
i.e. "Meter	Recycled & Non-Pot. Dedicated Irrigation Metera [3]			0		-		15	٥	0		0	4,850		0	0	42	1,243	6	0	2	74	10	1,209	0	0	171	22	0	0	1	7,649
rvices (Agricultural	0		0	-	0		-		2	n.r.		99		0						_		0		0				0		_	124
Vater Se	[S] əsu bəxim I-I-O	8,577		1,420	4	1,746	70	1,472	2,880	2,263	n.r.	2,690	9,123	262		570	3,466	2,831	1,940	3,975	881	1,133	4,743	2,193	351	81	674	191	1,828	1,675	1,683	60,578
Number of Water Services (i.e.	C-l-I Dedicated Itrigation Meters	0	0	428	13	٥		٥	٥			1,200	1,811	0	185	125	959	1,396	1,017	206	765	0	712	1,480	88	0	369	0	0	0	0	10,754
Num	Multi- Family Residential [1]	4,247	181	229	56	2,613		177	2,291	1,726	n.r.	4,119	2,606	827	71	1,062	5,740	14,694	4,193	6,134	3,542	3,045	3,648	12,755	579	0	1,560	31	839	993	229	78,605
	Single Family Residential	49,783	9,792	16,389	1,168	5,677	528	15,240	26,226	29,900	n.r.	44,347	81,689	11,549	4,113	6,258	13,761	33,980	19,236	26,738	12,059	6,551	35,297	35,627	4,331	2,202	9,595	3,814	11,450	17,626	21,895	556,821

₹**52**2**2**

(totals are incomplete due to some non-responders)

Mutit-Family sector includes apartments, master-metered condominiums, mobile homes, et al. that are not billed individually.

Commercial Industrial & Institutional (C-I-I) sector includes businesses, schools, hydrants, fountains, etc. Mixed use meters can serve indoor and outdoor uses. Recycled wastewater and other Non-potable water used for irrigation. Note: exclude Agricultural usage of Recycled/Non-Potable Water.

Recycled wastewater and other Non-potable water other-than-irrigation uses: toilet flushing, carpet dying, fountains, etc.

PER-CAPITA WATER USAGE, FY 2009-10

Total Vater Agricultural Usage Water Usage CAF) CAF	M8	M& T-A M&	G M	M&I/P	α	M&I - R	O.	(M&I -R) / P	Res	ď	Res / P	
Total Water Usage (AF) (AF) (AF) (AF) (AF) (AF) (AF) (AF)	2 > 3	Sep. 20 Sep. 2	ž									
Total Water Usage (AF) (AF) (AF) (AF) (AF) (AF) (AF) (AF)	2>3	Ser 7 3 8 7 0 5 4	M	V 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15				M&I				
Nater Water	3 - 5	Sep. 7 8 8 7 0 5 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5				M&I		Excluding				
Water Usage VS (AF) 66.663 66.663 19.978 11.021 11.164 11.164	> 3	S S C O S Y		Per	-	Excluding		Recycled			Residential	
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	=	S 2 7 3 8 7	ο̈́	Capita	Mater	Recycled		Per Capita	Residential		Per Capita	
(AA) (B6.693 9,978 14,777 1,021 8,993 305 11,164	000-0085	S93 777 777 893 893		Usage	Usage [3]	Usage	Population	Usage	Water Sales	Population	Sales [4]	
8 11 8 11 75				(bodb)	(AF)	(AF)	Served [2]	(dbed)	[4] (AE)	Served [2]	(gpcd)	Commonts
14 14 18 8 11 11 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17		9,978 14,777 1,020 8,993	361,043	165	0	66,693	361,043	165	38,991	361,043	96	includes unincorp. SW Anah.
1 1 8 1 1 7 9		1,020	40,368	221	0	9,978	40,368	221	5,036	40,368	111	
- 8 1-16		1,020 8,993	84,557	156	0	14,777	84,557	156	9,108	84,557	96	
3 7 8		8,993	3,656	249	0	1,020	3,656	249	688	3,656	217	
11		305	52,019	154	418	8,574	52,019	147	5,495	52,019	28	
City of		200	1,267	215	0	305	1,267	215	274	1,267	193	
		11,155	59,227	168	1,366	9,789	59,227	147	6,397	59.227	96	
			138,600	179	0	27,836	138,600	179	17,942	138,600	115	
50 (2)	12		177,020	131	0	25,979	177,020	131	17,506	177,020	88	
			169,944	138	0	26,316	169,944	138	n.p.			
Huntington Beach, City of 29,469	0		204,831	128	0	29,469	204,831	128	20,310	204.831	88	includes Sunset Beach
86,454	6,928		337,876	210	19,444	60,082	337,876	159	37,891	337,876	100	includes OPA
	0	9,803	63,118	139	0	9,803	63,118	139	6,850	63,118	97	
	0	2,276	15,544	131	0	2,276	15,544	131	n.p.			
	0		20,451	164	0	3,762	20,451	164	2,698	20,451	118	not including Emerald Bay
	0		111,166	154	1,034	18,108	111,166	145	11.673	111,166	26	
	0		172,068	189	7,118	29,248	172,068	152	20,184	172,068	105	The second secon
, City of 16,662			67,030	222	367	16,295	67,030	217	9,927	67,030	132	
30,579	180		141,107	192	0	30,399	141,107	192	18,410	141,107	116	
9,645	0		55,398	155	431	9,214	55,398	148	5,705	55,398	92	
mo, City of 8,783	_		40,262	190	670	7,923	40,262	176	5,202	40,262	115	***************************************
			358,136	88	137	39,024	358,136	97	25,228	358,136	63	WW
	0	1	155,229	196	6,611	27,558	155,229	158	18,961	155,229	109	
City of	0	3,722	25,561	130	0	3,722	25,561	130	.d.n			
	5	3,004	6,651	403	0	3,004	6,651	403	2,842	6,651	381	
6,903		6,903	38,641	159	790	6,113	38,641	141	4,000	38,641	92	includes S Laguna area.
on WD 3,519	112	3,407	14,907	204	929	2,781	14,907	166	1,649	14,907	66	
		12,217	69,010	158	0	12,217	69,010	158	8,930	69,010	115	
yof 12,357			95,793	115	0	12,357	95,793	115	8,659	95,793	81	includes por. of Midway City
20,221			77,320	232	351	19,786	77,320	228	14,255	77,320	164	
Total or Average 581,307 7,	7,535	573,771 3,1	3,157,800	162	39,363	534,408	3,157,800	151	325,012	2,946,751	86	

AF= acro-feet gpcd= gallons per capita per day n.p. data was <u>not provided</u> by the retail water entity

[1] Municipal. Commercial & Industrial, and Institutional (M&I) water is all water use except for Agricultural or Power Plant water use. Total water usage includes Recycled water usage and system losses. M&I Per Capita can be considered to be Urban water use per resident. M&I Per Capita lacks validity when comparing areas with dissimilar climate, land use, and other factors. Data per MWDOC database.

[2] Population as of Jan. 1 2010 per Center for Demographic research, CSU Fullerton. Draft unpublished data set. Population is for the actual service area of the water entity. Population for a City water of Population number does not reflect employees or wisitors, etc.

[3] Recycled water system sales may include some non-potable surface water or groundwater in a addition to recycled wastewater.

[4] Sales of water to residences (includes detached and multiple-residential housing). Data is per the retail water agencies (see Table 9). Sales numbers do not include system losses. Residential Per Capita lacks validity when companing areas with dissimilar climate, lot size, seasonal rental, and other factors.

Orange County Water Entities Water Rates, **Water System Operations and Financial Information**

Why Retail Water Rates Vary in Orange County

Summary

- Retail water rate setting is a complicated and complex process that varies somewhat from jurisdiction to jurisdiction. Each year as the Orange County Water Rates Survey is compiled, it is important to review the rate setting process and the factors involved. Retail water rate setting involves capturing the external costs of importing water from Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MET) or producing the water from local sources, the internal costs of distribution and service and establishing the financing or funding sources for these costs.
- There are understandable reasons, both physical and philosophical, that cause retail rates to vary from entity to entity. These will be discussed below.
- Providing a reliable and high quality water supply system for existing and future users is a capitalintensive process. Water rates are significantly affected by the level of capital funding required, the financing mechanisms and the other sources of revenue available to an entity. These issues will also be discussed below.

Detailed Discussion

Discussed below are the following sections pertaining to retail water rate setting:

- Sources and Uses of Funds Available to a Water Utility
- **Geographical Factors Affecting Water Rates**
- Rate Design Identifying Costs and Funding Them
- Purpose and Function of "Reserve Funds"

Sources and Uses of Funds Available to a Water Utility

The sources of funds available to a water utility for any use (not restricted in the type of use) include:

Retail water sales, fixed service charges on monthly or bimonthly basis plus variable charges based on water use, wholesale water sales for those entities that provide water to other entities, fees charged for services rendered (such as engineering and plan check fees), delinquent penalties for non-payment, investment earnings on funds set aside, rents from properties and tax revenues from the general 1% property tax levy (not all entities receive these funds).

Sources of funds that are restricted for use only for capital improvements include:



Voter authorized taxes and assessments, developer and customer contributions such as connection charges, development impact fees and contributed facilities, standby charges, proceeds from long-term financings, redevelopment funds, grants in aid of construction and investment earnings. If these sources of funds are not used or only partially cover the capital improvements necessary, water sales revenue must be structured to carry a heavier burden.

The uses of funds for a water utility include (1) the external costs of getting the supply to the entity, water costs, pumping, storage and water treatment; (2) the internal costs of transmission, distribution and storage to serve the consumers, customer service (billing, meter reading, etc.) and general and administrative expenses (including insurance, office and office maintenance costs and office staff); (3) the funding requirements for debt service and capital improvements (new construction, replacements and upgrades and rehabilitation).

It is likely that the two most predominant geographical factors affecting retail water rates from area to area are (1) whether an area receives local groundwater from the lower Santa Ana River groundwater basin managed by Orange County Water District (OCWD), and (2) how much pumping is required to provide water throughout an entity's service area.

Portions of the county overlie the OCWD groundwater basin area. Water supplies produced from the basin area cost around \$437 per AF (includes a replenishment assessment paid to OCWD for basin operations and to purchase imported replenishment water to balance the basin needs, energy and other operational costs for well production and an estimate of annual amortized costs for land and facilities). This cost is considerably less than the cost of receiving imported water from MET at around \$738 per AF. These costs just discussed, \$437 per AF for groundwater and \$738 for imported water, are essentially the production costs and do not include the costs of distribution, storage, treatment or pumping (except to pump the groundwater to system pressure). Translating these basic source costs down to the consumer and given the assumption, that the groundwater basin areas can produce 62% of their supplies from the groundwater basin, the average source costs for the two areas would be:

- Non-Basin Area: 100% MET Import = \$738/AF or \$1.70/ccf
- Basin Area: 62% Groundwater and 38% Import = \$551/AF or \$1.27/ccf
- This factor is one of the major factors affecting rates to the consumer.

The next geographical factor affecting retail rates is the proximity to the MET feeders. MET feeders are MET facilities and paid for by water rates paid when purchasing imported water; these costs are already in the \$738 per AF cost of water paid to MET. The local entity feeders have had to be constructed, operated, maintained and repaired with local entity funding in addition to the water rates paid to MET. Once again, the entities overlying the groundwater basin are generally those entities which lie in close proximity to the MET feeders as they crisscross the northern portion of the county, and hence, these entities do not incur additional costs for facilities to distribute the MET supplies. Some of the

entities had to build transmission pipelines 20 to 30 miles to get the water into their service area from where the MET lines stop. Considerable costs are incurred for these extensions.

Another significant geographical factor is that of system elevation and the pumping necessary to lift the water to the service elevation of the homes and businesses. For example, Trabuco Canyon WD must pump virtually 100% of its import supplies to serve its consumers in the 1100 foot to 1400 foot service elevations of the foothills of the Santa Ana Mountains. The cost for pumping to the higher elevations must be factored into the retail rate. Some entities charge a similar rate throughout their service area while other entities charge more to residents living at a higher elevation. For example, the first block of water in the IRWD service area costs \$0.91 per ccf, however, a pumping surcharge of \$0.42 per ccf is imposed for the pumping required to get the water to the higher elevation of the Portola Hills service area of IRWD, thus raising the rate on the first block of water sold in Portola Hills, Zone 9 to \$1.33 per ccf.

In addition, those areas with hilly terrain include multiple service elevations and the associated facilities, capital costs and O&M costs for additional pump stations, reservoirs and pressure reducing stations. Both San Juan Capistrano and Laguna Beach are examples of this type of terrain that ultimately leads to higher consumer costs.

Also, in communities surrounded by vast areas of open-space vegetation, provision of sufficient storage for firefighting is an added cost.

The last geographical factor influencing water rates is that of treatment requirements. For example, the areas furthest away from the MET sources are required to rechlorinate the supplies as they are conveyed to the service areas to protect against bacterial growth. Also, some areas of the groundwater basin contain contaminants or constituents such as high salts or color that must be removed - sometimes a very expensive process that can drive the costs of local water to that of MET water or beyond.

Rate Design - Identifying Costs and Funding Them

Rate Design involves figuring out the revenue needs and how to structure and establish the rates within a service area to generate the required revenue. The costs of a water system vary for geographical reasons, but they also vary due to the age of the system, the level of development, density, due to the types of businesses in the service area, the cost allocation methodology to the various customer groups, and due to the philosophical factors of an entity such as providing lifeline service at minimal costs.

Times have changed since the passage of Proposition 13 in 1978 which lowered tax revenue and eliminated the use of general obligation bonds as a financing vehicle for capital improvements, unless voter approval is secured. Decisions must be made regarding how to fund new growth whether through bonds other than general obligation bonds, a connection or meter fee, a fixed charge collected through an assessment district or directly with revenue generated through water sales. All of these options will affect what the consumer sees when he pays his monthly or bimonthly water bill.

There are many theories for the allocation of both fixed and variable costs within a retail water service area and how to fund them through the water rates. Some propose that all fixed costs be funded via a fixed revenue source such as the fixed monthly or bimonthly service charge to consumers and that the commodity rate be structured to cover the variable costs of water such as the cost of the source water itself, treatment costs and pumping costs. Others subscribe to different theories. The theory adopted by the local jurisdiction should reflect the philosophy of the constituents.

Lastly, the level of conservation and recycling in a community also affects the retail water rates. These efforts typically require capital expenditures and may actually result in somewhat higher costs in the short run but will save costs in the long run as the availability of these sources (or reduced demand) offsets the need for higher cost imported supplies. In addition, the lot size and home size of the community served will also affect the rate structure design and the actual rates charged.

Purpose and Function of "Reserve Funds"

The level of "reserve funds" is indirectly related to the process of setting rates, but still very important. Reserve funds are misunderstood by some and construed to be "bad", yet reserve funds have a necessary and usually specific purpose. True "reserves", similar to our own personal savings accounts that are used for unexpected purposes or that have been set aside for specific planned uses, can be distinguished from "encumbered" funds that are necessary for specific financial or legal purposes.

Reserve funds include many types of funds with specific uses; these include:

(1) Working Capital Funds to meet cash flow purposes, (2) Construction Funds from bond proceeds that generally must be spent within three years of issuance, (3) Rate Stabilization Funds to moderate short term rate fluctuations, (4) Debt Service Funds to collect funds and make debt service payments when due, (5) Conservation Revenue Funds which all entities may not have but which collect payments from high water users and reinvests in the system for conservation purposes and (6) Self Insurance Funds, similar to normal business insurance funds. The only "true" reserves are made up of (7) Capital Replacement Funds, which all entities do not necessarily have, which consist basically of funds set aside for future improvements and (8) Emergency Repair Funds which is a contingency fund to handle emergencies (also a normal business requirement).

Variances exist in these funds when compared from entity to entity. In part, the differences are explained by the development cycle of a water supply system. Initially in the development cycle, when an entity is "young,"an entity incurs disproportionately high costs because investments are made not only to meet the existing needs but also as an investment to minimize future costs (e.g., only certain components of a treatment plant can be phased on a capacity basis, a pipeline is constructed to supply existing demands and some level above that for meeting future demands). In the next part of the cycle, as an entity "ages," smaller investments are required on an incremental basis as demands build because the system is supported by past investments; however, it is also at this time that preparations must be made to bridge to the third phase, which is that of an older system that requires high repair, maintenance and replacement obligations (this is when capital replacement funds come in handy). An entity can approach Replacement Funds in three manners or a combination thereof, (1) "pre-paying" by setting aside funds for the future, (2) "pay-as-you-go" in which annual capital requirements are generated directly from water sales, or (3) "post pay" in which debt is issued and the payments for the improvements are made over time into the future. How replacements are handled is up to the discretion of the governing board with input from the community at the time of rate setting and budget adoption.

Conclusion

Retail water rate setting is a complicated and complex process that results in variations in retail water rates from jurisdiction to jurisdiction in Orange County. Each year as the Orange County Water Rates Survey is compiled, it is important to review the rate setting process and the factors involved. These factors have been briefly discussed herein and are summarized in Table 1.

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LAGUNA BEA	CH COUNTY WA COLA HISTORY	
MARCH OF:	CPI	LBCWD COLA
1987	ĺ	4.00%
1988		3.00%
1989		4.70%
1990		5.50%
1991		3.10%
1992		3.86%
1993		1.50%
1994		1.80%
1995		1.40%
1996	1.70%	1.70%
1997	1.50%	1.60%
1998	0.60%	3.00%
1999	2.10%	3.00%
2000	3.50%	3.40%
2001	3.20%	3.20%
2002	2.80%	2.80%
2003	4.50%	2.80%
2004	1.80%	1.80%
2005	3.90%	3.00%
2006	4.50%	4.36%
2007	4.00%	3.86%
2008	3.60%	3.45%
2009	-1.60%	0.00%
2010	2.40%	2.40%
2011	3.50%	3.50%